

Brass and Copper

Many handsome TEA SETS, HOT WATER KETTLES, DESK SETS, and CANDLE STICKS are now being made in these metals.

Of ANTIQUE DESIGN and HAMMERED they are decidedly ATTRACTIVE and UNIQUE.

The prices as usual are the lowest.

Challoner and Mitchell

Diamond Merchants and Jewelers
1017 Government Street,
Victoria, B. C.

Optical Goods

In our Optical Department we carry the latest and most approved class of goods.

Our "Handy Shur-on" Mount is a triumph of Mechanical skill, while our "Presto" temple converts a pair of rimless eyeglasses into rimless spectacles instantaneously.

These temples are particularly handy for those who read or study a great deal as they attain the maximum of security.

Only first quality lenses used.

TREATY BETWEEN U.S. AND JAPAN

Report Comes From Tokio to
Japanese Paper Publish-
ed in Honolulu

NO COOLIE IMMIGRATION

Secretary of State Root Denies
That Any New Treaty is
in Contemplation

Honolulu, Nov. 18, via San Francisco, Nov. 24.—The Hawaii Shimpo, the leading Japanese daily newspaper published in Hawaii, has received from its Tokio correspondent what purports to be the text of a treaty concluded between Japan and the United States, regarding coolie immigration. It is said that the signing of the treaty is not to be announced until next February.

The treaty provides as follows: The high contracting parties agree in their desire for the independence of the Chinese empire, and believe in the preservation of the territorial integrity of that empire, and believe that equal opportunity for commerce should be enjoyed there by all foreign nations, and that equality of treatment should be accorded all such foreign nations. They agree with each other to protect the principle of Chinese independence and by peaceful means to guard existing interests in the Chinese empire.

That neither government shall allow the immigration of the laborers among their population to the country of the other until further understanding in the matter is reached, believing and agreeing that the employment in one country of the laborers of the other tends to impair the existing friendly relations between the two governments.

Denied at Washington
Washington, Nov. 24.—United States Secretary of State Root tonight denied that a treaty had been signed by the United States and Japan regarding the protection of the principle of Chinese independence and the regulation of immigration between the two countries, as stated by the Hawaii Shimpo, and he added that no such treaty was in contemplation.

The report of the signing of a treaty regarding Chinese independence probably has its basis in the publication respecting diplomatic negotiations with Japan on the proposed re-statement of the positions of both the United States and Japan regarding China. As for the immigration question, the present understanding with Japan is working satisfactorily in keeping down Japanese immigration.

SAULT WORKS DEAL

Control of Lake Superior Corporation
Passes Into Hands of New
Combination

Philadelphia, Nov. 24.—A deal was completed here today, whereby the control of the \$40,000,000 Lake Superior Corporation passes from Philadelphia financial institutions to interests represented jointly by New York and Philadelphia parties.

President Lloyd, of the Commercial Trust company, of this city, completed the negotiations, paying this afternoon for the bonds of the corporation held by Philadelphia institutions.

Mr. Lloyd says he was acting merely as an agent, and refuses to give the names of those interested in the deal, which ends, it is said, a long struggle between interests represented by the Canadian Improvement company and local banks.

C.P.R. Earnings.

Montreal, Nov. 24.—Traffic earnings of the C.P.R. for the third week of November increased by \$48,000.

NEWS SUMMARY

Page

- 1—Reported treaty between U. S. and Japan. Cattle plague at many points. Mr. Rockefeller's money.
- 2—No revenue from isolation hospital.
- 3—Renews promise of the first Empress. General news.
- 4—Editorial.
- 5—Note and comment. Forty years ago. About people. British opinion. Guests at the city hotels.
- 6—News of the city. Obituary notices. The weather. Tide table for November. The Mails, when closed, when due.
- 7—The Christmas stamp and what it means. Ernest C. Pendray meets a sudden death. Oak Bay residents discuss elections. Many settlers going into Nuchaco valley. Li Sum Ling will come to Victoria. Local news.
- 8—In woman's realm.
- 9—Sporting news.
- 10—Marine news.
- 11—Social and personal.
- 12—Real estate advertisements.
- 13—Real estate advertisements.
- 14—Important measure now before council. Colwood rancher is committed for trial.
- 15—Building figures now over million mark. Amusements. General news.
- 16—Classified want ads and real estate ads.
- 17—Financial and commercial. The local markets.
- 18—David Spencer Limited's ad.

FOR G. T. P. WORK

Equipment for Foley, Welch & Stewart Reaches Vancouver on Why to Prince Rupert

Vancouver, Nov. 24.—A trainload of contractors' equipment, including two large steam shovels, will reach Vancouver this week from Oregon for shipment to Prince Rupert. The plant is owned by Foley, Welch & Stewart, G. T. P. contractors for construction, and will be taken north from Vancouver on the car ferry barge Georgian in tow of the tug Escort No. 2.

CATTLE PLAGUE AT MANY POINTS

Herds Are Exterminated in Order to Prevent Spread of Disease

MANY CASES IN MICHIGAN

Secretary Wilson and Department Officials on Tour of Inspection

Buffalo, N.Y., Nov. 24.—Secretary James Wilson, of the department of agriculture, spent the day in a personal investigation of the work being done to stamp out the outbreaks of foot and mouth disease now prevalent in several states. He was accompanied by Dr. A. C. Melvin, chief of the bureau of animal industry, and James M. Pickens, editor of the bureau's publications. Secretary Wilson and his party were met by members of the East Buffalo Live Stock Exchange and the state and federal officers engaged in the work here. They spent practically the whole day at the East Buffalo stock yards.

Many Cattle Killed

East Buffalo, N.Y., Nov. 24.—Eight herds of cattle at Akron which were found to be infected with the disease have been killed, and the only known cases which now exist were those discovered in four herds of cattle near Lockport and in one herd near Penn Yan. State and federal veterinarians are now investigating these cases. Inspectors are now investigating a reported case of infection near North Tonawanda, N.Y.

Cases in Michigan

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 24.—On five farms in Livonia township today were found 100 cattle infected with foot and mouth disease. These cattle will be killed. Secretary of Agriculture Wilson and Dr. A. D. Melvin, of the United States bureau of animal industry, will arrive late tonight for a conference with the officials already here.

Roads Under Quarantine

Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 24.—Tonight the state live stock-sanitary board, of which Dr. Leonard Pearson is the executive officer, issued an order extending to the roads of all counties where disease prevails a quarantine against driving cattle unless a permit is secured. It is one of the most sweeping ever adopted in this country.

Illinois Embargo

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 24.—Acting on recommendations made by the Illinois Board of Livestock Commissioners, Governor Deacon yesterday issued a proclamation prohibiting the importation of livestock from New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey, in which states cases of foot and mouth disease are said to exist. Dr. J. M. Wright, state veterinarian, says that the disease can be communicated from an infected animal to a human being. Dr. Wright today left for Michigan to make a thorough investigation of a reported outbreak of the disease in that state.

Costly Fire at Vancouver

Vancouver, Nov. 24.—The Royal City mill, a branch of the B. C. Mills Timber & Trading company, was destroyed by fire early this morning. The loss is \$100,000.

Run Down by Train

Winnipeg, Nov. 24.—J. A. Fraser, proprietor of the Gordon Heights Dairy Company, while driving home last night, was run down by a train at Rugby Junction and instantly killed.

Murdered by Boys

Vineland, N. J., Nov. 24.—The coroner's jury today rendered the verdict that Wm. Reid, who was found murdered in the home of his daughter, Mrs. W. E. Copper, on November 13, came to his death at the hands of three youths, Walter Seller, Cline Keller and Bert Grigg, one of them his grandson, who are under arrest charged with the crime.

Railway Commission's Work

Ottawa, Nov. 24.—The railway commission has established several divisions, and has apportioned the work among its inspection staff, so that rolling stock and equipment may be carefully watched. Ottawa will be headquarters for Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime provinces. Another division is located for Manitoba and Saskatchewan and another for Alberta and British Columbia.

Pig Lead Interests

New York, Nov. 24.—A conference of representatives of the leading pig lead interests of the country was held in this city today to discuss the attitude of those interests on the matter of tariff revision, and to consider the advisability of placing the views of the manufacturers before the ways and means committee, which is now giving hearings on the tariff in Washington. A committee was appointed to go to Washington and appear before the committee of congress tomorrow, but whether its members will favor a reduction in the tariff has not been made known.

Claim to Walkerville Property

Windsor, Ont., Nov. 24.—According to a despatch from LaPorte, Indiana, Attorney J. Gould, of Indiana Harbor, will file proceedings this week in the Essex, Ont., county court claiming possession, on behalf of an Indiana client, of ten acres of land originally belonging to the Labied family, and now occupied by the firm of Walker & Sons, distillers, at Walkerville. When in possession of the Labied family the property was valued at \$4,000. It is now valued at \$8,000,000. The solicitor for the Walker company says the title is perfectly clear and there is no chance for a suit.

Contract For Steamship Connection With San Francisco By Way of Tahiti

Ottawa, Nov. 24.—Canadian Trade Commissioner Larke, in Sydney, reports that the New Zealand government has made a contract for a steamship line to Tahiti, where connection will be made with a line for San Francisco. This would enable mails to be carried from Sydney to San Francisco in nineteen days.

Mr. Larke reports that the total debt of the Australian states is £245,047,722, an increase of £42,500,000 since 1901.

Winnipeg's Power Enterprise

Winnipeg, Nov. 24.—The board of control last night decided to call for tenders for the construction of the electrical power works at Point du Bois, on the Winnipeg river, forty miles distant from the city. Half a million dollars has already been spent in preliminary work, and the contracts now to be let are expected to involve an expenditure of \$1,500,000 during the coming year. The total cost of the works is estimated at \$3,000,000.

Local Option Rejected

Woodstock, Ont., Nov. 24.—The city council by a vote of five to four threw out the petition to have a local option bylaw submitted in January.

Baker Coleman Dead

Toronto, Nov. 24.—George Coleman, for fifty years a well-known baker and confectioner here, is dead, aged 81 years.

Toronto Business Merger

Toronto, Nov. 24.—It is stated on good authority that the big hardware business of Rice, Lewis & Co., is to be taken over by H. S. Howland & Co.

For Stealing Mail Bags

Hamilton, Nov. 24.—Robert Gimbell, 20 years old, pleaded guilty this morning to stealing mail bags from the transfer wagon, and was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

Newspaper Burned Out

Port Burwell, Ont., Nov. 24.—The plant of the Port Burwell News, owned and operated by C. A. Burns, was destroyed by fire this morning, caused by the explosion of a gasoline engine. Loss about \$4,000.

Both Legs Cut Off

Toronto, Nov. 24.—Fred Hopkins, 36 years old, died in the hospital as result of being run over by a train west of Queen street subway, both legs having been severed. He is supposed to have been crossing the tracks in taking a short cut for home.

Conscience Worked

London, Ont., Nov. 24.—A resident of London went to the Grand Trunk ticket office yesterday and insisted upon paying the fare from Detroit to London for a ride he had stolen on the railway eighteen years ago. The money was accepted.

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Supporting the



'THE WAY TO A MAN'S HEART'

You know the old adage and Punch's advice, "Feed the brutal!" Doubtless there would not be so many divorces if women studied culinary matters more and made up their minds to.

Cook With Gas

The easiest, cleanest, most hygienic and most economical way. Call in and let us show you our special matches, values in Gas Cook Stoves and Ranges. Prices cannot fail to please.

VICTORIA GAS COMPANY, Ltd.
Corner Fort and Langley Streets

Cocoa and Milk for Damp Days

Far better than whisky; nothing like a hot drink of some good brand of Cocoa; nothing like these grand values:

FRY'S COCOA, three packages for	25c
LEMAN'S DUTCH COCOA, no better preparation, 3/4-lb. tin, 20c; 1/2-lb. tin, 40c; 1-lb. tin.....	75c
SWISS MILK, very excellent, per tin	10c
CADBURY'S FINE COCOA, per tin	25c and 50c
CHOCOLATE CREAMS, just received a splendid consignment of these confections, in charming boxes, the very thing for Christmas Gifts, ranging from \$4.00, down to, per box	10c

THE FAMILY CASH GROCERY
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets. Tel. 312

"The Crimp and the Consequence"

is the Title of a Mighty Interesting Little Booklet on Washboards, that has Just Been Issued.

It tells the value of the Crimp in Washboards; the Features of the Ordinary Crimp, and the Features of the Better Crimp.

And it tells the Kind of Crimp—that is the better Crimp—AND WHY.

If You are Interested, a Post-card will bring this Bright Little "Eye-Opener" to You At Once.

Ask Yourself—Why not let us Send You a Copy Today?

The E. B. Eddy Co., Hull, Canada

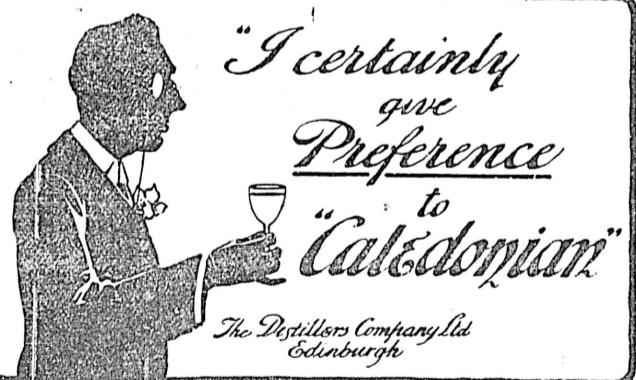
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Always, Everywhere in Canada, ask for Eddy's Matches

Why You Can Rely On Us

Our qualifications as expert decorators relieve your mind of any doubt you may have of what is correct in interior decoration. We are pleased at any time to submit suggestions for decorating, and estimate of cost.

MELLOR BROS., LTD.
Phone 812. 708 Fort St.



D. K. Chungrane, Ltd.

The Fish, Fruit and Poultry Man

FRESH FISH
Salmon, Cod, Halibut, Smelts, Black Bass, Red Snapper, Flounder, Red Herrings, Shrimps, Crabs.

VEGETABLES

and
Fruit of All Kinds in Season

SMOKED FISH

Salmon, Halibut, Kippers, Blaners, Finnan Haddie.

Fresh Shad. Black Cod.

608 Broughton Street, Opposite Weiler's Victoria B.C.

Night Phone, 876.

California Wants Fleet.

Washington, Nov. 24.—Senator Flint, of California, today requested President Roosevelt to keep the Atlantic battleship fleet, in whole or in part, in the Pacific ocean, saying that the feeling of the people of California was that the fleet should be kept there. The president told the senator that he did not feel that there was any reason for

diverting the fleet from its course around the world.

For Loss of a Foot.

Ottawa, Nov. 24.—Ed. Brandenburg, of London, England, mining engineer, who lost a foot as the result of a street car accident here last spring, has taken action against the Ottawa electric railway for \$50,000.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is Laxative Bromo Quinine

Box 25c
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. Wilson

NO REVENUE FROM ISOLATION HOSPITAL

Cost of Maintenance Largely Increased—Very Few Patients Pay for Treatment

Why the cost administering the board of health of the city for the past year should have been nearly twice as much as during the previous year, and what, if any, steps can be taken in order to reduce that cost, particularly in connection with the isolation hospital, by collecting from patients able to pay for the treatment received in that institution, were questions which occupied the attention of the board of health at a meeting held last evening. For some time the proposition has been advanced that the isolation hospital, which has hitherto proved a direct source of expense and has not brought any return to the city, should certainly produce some revenue in the way of receipts from patients, or parents of patients, who could well afford to pay.

Last April a bylaw fixing a fee of \$10 a week for diphtheria patients and \$5 a week for other patients was passed but no attempt was made to enforce it until early in September. Since that time each patient, when leaving the hospital has been given a bill setting forth just what he, or she, was expected to pay to the city for the treatment given, but though it was expected that some of the patients would not be in position, financially, to make any return to the city, experience has shown that practically none, or at least very few, have shown any disposition to contribute a cent for the expenditure incurred by the city. To devise some method whereby the city can collect a portion at least of the money expended on patients and make the isolation hospital in some measure return something on account of expenditure is the problem which the board of health is now attempting to solve.

Comparison of Cost

With a view of ascertaining just what was the cost of conducting the work of the board this year compared with the previous year, City Comptroller Raynor was asked to prepare a statement which is given below. Mr. Raynor points out that the expenditures for the year are up to November 29, and that the comparison between the two years is really of little use unless accompanied by a list of the patients treated at the isolation hospital, which list he did not have at his disposal. The figures are as follows:

Board of Health.

	1907.	1908.
Nurses	\$ 771.75	\$ 2,169.45
Medicines and disinfec-	782.96	3,348.24
provisions	790.21	1,418.00
Fuel	250.00	335.60
Light	142.82	165.75
tabor	765.35	297.85
Repairs	99.69	580.65
Washing	172.00	208.70
Hacks, buggies and horse hire	248.05	549.57
Watching steamers	102.50	638.25
Rats	27.70	198.30
Burying dead dogs and cats	38.25	40.50
Cheese cloth, etc.	39.55	103.67
Repairs, plumbing, etc.	6.50	57.50
Isolation (Colbert)	300.00	159.86
Meals late sanitary inspector	105.00	50.00
Sundries	459.08	368.66
Keep of horse, late sanitary inspector	377.65	.....
Pulling down old buildings	172.20	.....
Assistant to plumber, etc. ....	.....	224.00
Disinfecting James Bay mud flats .....	.....	148.25
W. Clavards, grant for services	25.00	.....
	\$ 5,951	\$ 10,097.80
GARBAGE.		
Steamer towing snow	\$ 377.00	\$ 3,080.00
Labor	801.25	771.10
Building garbage .....	.....	800.00
Removing garbage wharf	350.00	.....
Building incinerator	1,161.73	.....
Repairs, garbage snow	51.25	.....
Dredging in front of garbage wharf	75.00	.....
	\$ 2,328.25	\$ 5,079.38

Will Collect Data

The medical health officer, Dr. Robertson, and the sanitary officer, T. E. Lancaster, were present, and the discussion, which was lengthy, finally terminated in a resolution submitted by Alderman Cameron to the effect that the city comptroller be instructed to furnish the council twice a month with a statement showing the total cost per day per inmate at the isolation hospital, all expenses, including a fair proportion of the salary of the medical health officer and the sanitary inspector, to be included. The comptroller will also be authorized to require from all city officials the fullest information in order to comply with the above resolution. He will be asked to correspond with other cities with a view of ascertaining what regulations govern their isolation hospitals and health departments, particularly regarding the financial side of the matter.

With the information as above requested supplied and a list secured from the city treasurer of all those patients to whom bills for treatment in the isolation hospital have been delivered and a report as to the amount collected up to the end of November, in its possession the board will be in a position to go more fully into the matter and formulate some scheme of isolation hospital management and finances.

The statement of expenditures as supplied by the city comptroller met with considerable criticism. Alderman Fullerton thought that some of the items showing increases over the previous year required explanation. The amount spent for hacks was too great, and Alderman Weston could hardly believe that there had been so much sickness as to require almost double the expenditure this year for the eleven months as for the whole of last year.

Increased Cost

Major Hall pointed out that the main increase had been in the expenditure for nursing and medicines, but this sum was explained by Dr. Robertson as being due to the fact that there had been a larger number of infectious cases and very often one individual case would require a nurse while a number of other cases might not require one. He suggested that an assistant matron be appointed. She could do a large amount of nursing work and would undoubtedly prove a saving, as under the present system nurses could not be secured for short periods except at a large expense. Personally I favored the patient, in cases of infectious cases, being taken from his home and sent to the isolation hospital. It was true that in many cases the patients could be treated at home, but in a majority of cases such a pro-

cEDURE was most unwise, as the parents were often not in a position to properly look after the patient, and the danger of a spread of the infection was increased. In fact he believed that while the expense might be greater, the number of patients healed was greater and certainly the danger of the infection spreading was minimized. Dr. Robertson, referring to the increase in the amount spent for medicine, pointed out that anti-toxin was expensive, and the amount used this year had been about three times that used last year.

The item of provisions was also criticized, even when the fact that the caretaker and nurses had to be supplied was taken into consideration. The sanitary inspector explained that to a certain extent this increase was due to the relief of a number of destitute cases which come under the supervision of the board of health.

Alderman Cameron advocated learning from the experience of other cities. There was no doubt, he was convinced, that many patients had been treated at the isolation hospital, but they do not feel they are in duty bound to pay for that treatment. Dr. Robertson advocated that the patients should be forced to pay for nurses unless in cases where it could be shown that such patients were financially unable to do so.

Garbage Disposal

On the matter of garbage expenditure, Alderman Gleason stated that Capt. Gardner, who is now under contract to haul the garbage out to the city, has offered to the city to do the entire work of disposing of the city's refuse matter at a figure considerably less than it is costing the city to do it. The net cost to the city would be about \$1,000, compared with this year's cost, to date of \$5,000, as shown in Mr. Raynor's statement. Capt. Gardner to be allowed the fifteen cents per load charged for all garbage delivered at the wharf.

Sanitary Inspector Lancaster pointed out that this collection charge would increase in amount now that the Cook street dump is closed. In fact, within the past few weeks the amount of garbage brought to the wharf has doubled and the receipts also. This matter of garbage will be referred to a special committee to report to the council.

Prices from \$18

These celebrated coats are universally adopted and being ideal for motoring or walking in winter or summer. They are manufactured from pure wool gabardine, water-proofed in the spinning process; in addition they are lined with a light "Rain" coat, not "Air-proof" material. The cuffs are wide, slinging ample room for using the wrists, but fitted with dust strap and dome fasteners. The collars can be either worn open or closed with the collar strap. As the name indicates, these garments slip-on and fit perfectly, but are smart and dressy withal.

Prices from \$18

We are just in receipt of an exceptionally fine consignment of the famous Burberry goods, the unrivaled "Slip-on," "Pad-dock Coats," Ulsters, etc. We would mention some ultra smart Tweeds, the very latest coral green and brown mixtures which choice dressers should inspect at once.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR BURBERRY GARMENTS
On Vancouver Island. All the genuine goods bear the name "Burberry," sewn inside each garment.

WILSONS
MEN'S FURNISHERS

HOLBROOK'S

2nd LIMERICK Prize Winners

The decision of the Prize Committee for Holbrook's Limerick composed of The Editor, Canadian Courier, Editor Mall & Empire, and Manager, Woods-Norris, Limited, Advertising Agency, is announced below.

Prizes have been mailed to each winner.

Be sure to read the conditions for the next and last Limerick carefully and be sure your last line has nine syllables like our first line and that your last word rhymes with the last word in the first line.

See tomorrow's paper for the third Limerick contest for which replies must be received December 7th.

2nd Limerick

To enjoy all your meals as you should,
You must use Holbrook's Sauce,
It's so good
With soup, game and fish,
Or any roast dish,

FIRST PRIZE—GOLD WATCHES

Mrs. E. V. Bayne, Toronto,
would tempt angels to eat if they could.
Mr. H. Puttenham, Lachine, P.Q.
That its maker deserves a knighthood."

Mr. Orlando Taylor, Montreal,
"It's the Sauce that ages has stood."

Mrs. Annie Hazen, London,
Ont., "Many rivals it long has withstood."

SECOND PRIZE—OPERA GLASSES

Miss Edith Kitchen, Toronto,
Mrs. Susan F. Simpson, Hamilton,
Ont., Mrs. Welsh, Vancouver, B.C.,
R. I. Fleming, Prince Albert,
Sask.

Miss Annie MacKenzie, Winnipeg,
Man., Mrs. Waldo Skillings, Victoria,
B.C., Donald J. McDougall, Point Edward, Ont.

Miss Bella W. Little, North Cobblestone, P.Q.

Miss Lily Fox, Prescott, Ont.,
James C. Allan, London, Ont.,
Mrs. H. J. Fleming, Prince Albert, Sask.

Thomas J. M. Skelly, Colgan, Ont.,
Mrs. Jane M. Turnbull, Goderich, Ont., Mrs. J. Palatzko, Montreal, P.Q.

E. Murphy, London, Ont.,
F. J. Smith, Montreal, P.Q.

THIRD PRIZE—SETS DICKENS

J. P. Wallace, London, Ont.,
Miss Gladys M. Jenkins, Hamilton,
Ont.

Hats Well Fitted

We make a specialty of fitting Hats scientifically for our patrons with our special conformateur machine, which is impervious to mistakes.

CHRISTY'S STETSON'S AND SCOTT'S, newest blocks for Winter wear; black and all the popular shades \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$5.00

Latest Silk Hats of Christy and Scott. New line of the latest English Caps just received.

F.A. GOWEN Amalgamated with T.B. CUTHBERTSON & CO.

The Gentlemen's Store - - - - 1112 Government Street

PACIFIC SHEET METAL WORKS

COPPER AND GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES, SKY LIGHTS AND METAL WINDOWS

Galvanized Iron, Tin, Tar and Gravel and Slate Roofing.

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"NEW IDEA" HOT AIR FURNACES

TELEPHONE 1772

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THE ROYAL CITY GAS IMPROVEMENT CO., Ltd.

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Westminster.

Vice President—C. E. Deal, Esq., Van-

couver; W. E. Vanstone, Esq., H. A.

Eastman, Esq., J. A. Rennie, Esq.

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New Westminster.

Capital \$150,000

Divided into 1500 shares of \$100 each

of which 750 shares are now offered

for subscription at \$100.

Terms of Payment.

10 per cent. payable on application; 15

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VICTORIA.

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Stewart Williams & Co.

Duly Instructed by LT-COL. GRANT,

Will Sell the Whole of His

Household Furniture

HORSES, BUGGY, HARNESS, ETC.,

At His Residence, Esquimalt Road, (at

the city limits) on

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, NOVEM-

BER 23 AND 27,

Commencing with the Horses, at 2

o'clock, on Thursday.

For further particulars, see last Sat-

urday's Times or Sunday's Colonist.

On view Wednesday, November 25th,

from 10 o'clock.

The Auctioneer, STEWART WILLIAMS

MAYNARD & SON

AUCTIONEERS.

Have received instructions to sell on

FRIDAY, 27th

At Our Salesroom, 1314 Broad St.

ALMOST NEW

FURNITURE

7 NEW CARPET SQUARES.

Bell Piano Player and Music.

Cow, 8 years old.

Full Particulars Later.

MAYNARD & SON, Auctioneers.

A. T. Bain. C. Bennett-Thompson.

Bain's Auction Mart

742 FORT STREET.

Duly Instructed Will Sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

At the rooms on

Thursday, Nov. 26th

AT 2 P.M.

HANDSOME

Household Furniture and Effects

Full Particulars Later.

A. T. BAIN The Auctioneer

LIQUOR LICENSE ACT, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the superintendent of provincial police for a license to sell intoxicating liquor on the premises to be known as the Howard Hotel, situated at Esquimalt.

JOSEPH BALL.

Esquimalt, B.C., November 1908.

RENEWS PROMISES OF THE FIRST EMPRESS

King Edward's Proclamation to Peoples of India Contrast-ed With Late Queen's

On the jubilee of the taking over of India by the British government and the assumption by the British monarch of the title of Emperor of India, the King has issued a message to the princes and peoples of India, which is particularly timely in view of the symptoms of dissatisfaction which have manifested themselves of late from time to time in various classes of the Indian community.

The document is in many respects a striking one, as without a word of bluster and bragadoocio and while admitting that mistakes have been made, it calls attention in a dignified manner to the numerous and important benefits which have accrued to India as a consequence of British rule. Freedom of religious belief, security of life and property, and immunity from internal strife, are shown to have characterized the sway of the British Raj during the past fifty years.

Following the text of the King's proclamation is given the proclamation of the late Queen Victoria on the occasion of Great Britain formally assuming the direct control of India on November 1, 1858. The latter contains a number of important pledges to the people of India, which in his proclamation of this year, His Majesty is able to refer to as having been kept to the letter.

King Edward's Proclamation.

The text of the message, which was read at the viceroy's durbar at Jodhpur, November 2, follows:

The King-Emperor has been pleased to address to the Princes and peoples of India the following message which will be read by his Excellency the Viceroy in Durbar at Jodhpur today:

"It is now 50 years since Queen Victoria, my beloved mother, and my august predecessor on the throne of these realms, for divers weighty reasons, with the advice and consent of Parliament, took upon herself the government of the territories theretofore administered by the East India company. I deem this a fitting anniversary on which to greet the princes and peoples of India, in commemoration of the exalted task then solemnly undertaken. Half a century is but a brief span in your long annals, yet this half century that ends today will stand amid the floods of your histories, a far-shining landmark.

The proclamation of the direct supremacy of the Crown sealed the unity of Indian government and opened a new era. The journey was arduous and the advance may have sometimes seemed slow; but the incorporation of many strangely diversified communities, and of some three hundred millions of the human race, under British guidance and control has proceeded steadfastly and without pause. We survey our labors of the past half century with clear gaze and good conscience.

"Difficulties such as attend all human rule in every age and place have risen up from day to day. They have been met by the servants of the British Crown with toil and courage and patience with deep counsel and a resolution that has never faltered nor shaken. If errors have occurred, the agents of my government have spared no pains and no self-sacrifice to correct them; if abuses have been proved, vigorous hands have labored to apply a remedy.

"No secret of Empire can avert the scourge of drought and plague, but experienced administrators have done all that skill and devotion are capable of doing to mitigate those dire calamities of nature. For a longer period than was ever known in your land before you have escaped the dire calamities of war within your borders. Internal peace has been unbroken.

"In the great charter of 1858, Queen Victoria gave you noble assurance of her earnest desire to stimulate the peaceful industry of India, to promote works of public utility and improvement, and to administer the government for the benefit of all residents therein. The schemes that have been diligently framed and executed for promoting your material convenience and advance—schemes unsurpassed in their magnitude and their boldness—bear witness before the world to the zeal with which that benign promise has been fulfilled.

"The rights and privileges of the Feudatory Princes and Ruling Chiefs have been respected, preserved and guarded; and the loyalty of their allegiance has been unswerving. No man among my subjects has been favored, molested or disquieted by reason of his religious belief or worship. All men have enjoyed protection of the law. The law itself has been administered without disrespect to creed or caste, or to usages and ideas rooted in your civilization; it has been simplified in form, and its machinery adjusted to the requirements of ancient communities slowly entering a new world.

"The charge confined to my government concerns the destinies of countless multitudes of men now and for ages to come; and it is a paramount duty to repress with a stern arm guilty conspiracies that have no just cause and no serious aim. These conspiracies I know to be abhorrent to the loyal and faithful character of the vast hosts of my Indian subjects, and I will not suffer them to turn me aside from my task of building up the fabric of security and order.

"Unwilling that this historic anniversary should pass without some signal mark of Royal clemency and grace, I have directed that, as was ordered on the memorable occasion of the Coronation Durbar in 1903, the sentences of persons whom our courts have duly punished for offences against the law should be remitted, or in various degrees reduced; and it is my wish that such wrongdoers may remain mindful of this act of mercy, and may conduct themselves without offence henceforth.

"Steps are being continuously taken towards obliterating distinctions of race as the test for access to posts of public authority and power. In this path I confidently expect and intend the progress hereinafter to be steadfast and sure, as education spreads, experience ripens, and the lessons of responsibility are well learned by the keen intelligence and apt capabilities of India.

"From the first, the principle of representative institutions began to be gradually introduced, and the time has come when, in the judgment of my viceroy and governor-general and others of my counsellors, that principle may be prudently extended. Important classes among you, representing ideas that have been fostered and encouraged by British rule, claim equality of citizenship, and a greater share in legislation and government. The polite satisfaction of such a claim will strengthen, not impair, existing authority and power. Administration will be

all the more efficient if the officers who conduct it have greater opportunities of regular contact with those whom it affects, and with those who influence and reflect common opinion about it. I will not speak of the measures that are now being diligently framed for these objects. They will speedily be made known to you, and will, I am very confident, mark a notable stage in the beneficent progress of your affairs.

"I recognize the valor and fidelity of my Indian troops, and at the New Year I have ordered that opportunity should be taken to show in substantial form this, my high appreciation, of their martial instincts, their splendid discipline, and their faithful readiness to serve.

"The welfare of India was one of the objects dearest to the heart of Queen Victoria. By me, ever since my visit in 1875, the interests of India, its princes and people, have been watched with an affectionate solicitude that time cannot weaken. My dear Son, the Prince of Wales, and the Princess of Wales returned from their sojourn among you with warm attachment to your land and true and earnest interest in its wellbeing and content.

These sincere feelings of active sympathy and hope for India on the part of my Royal House and line truly represent, the deep and united will and purpose of the people of this kingdom.

"May Divine protection and favor be given to the wisdom and mutual goodwill that are needed for the achievement of a task as glorious as was ever committed to rulers and subjects in any state or empire of recorded time."

Queen Victoria's Proclamation.

The following is the full text of the late Queen Victoria's Proclamation, published in the Calcutta Gazette of November 1, 1858:

Proclamation by the Queen in Council, to the Princes, Chiefs, and people of India.

Victoria, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the Colonies and Dependencies thereof, in Europe, Asia, Africa, America, and Australia, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

Whereas, for divers weighty reasons, we have resolved by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament assembled, to take upon ourselves the government of the territories in India, heretofore administered in trust for us by the Honourable East India Company.

Now, therefore, we do by these presents notify and declare that, by the advice and consent aforesaid, we have taken upon ourselves the said government; and we hereby call upon all our subjects within the said territories to be faithful, and to bear true allegiance to us, our heirs and successors, and to submit themselves to the authorities of those whom we may hereafter, from time to time, see fit to appoint to administer the government of our said territories, in our behalf.

And we, reposing especial trust and confidence in the loyalty, ability, and judgment of our right trusty and well-beloved cousin Charles John Viscount Canning, do hereby constitute count Canning, do hereby constitute count Canning, to be our first Viceroy and Governor-General in and over our said territories, and to administer the government thereof in our name, and generally to act in our name and on our behalf, subject to such orders and regulations as he shall, from time to time, receive through one of our Principal Secretaries of State.

And we do hereby confirm in their several offices civil and military, all persons now employed in the service of the Honourable East India Company, subject to our future pleasure, and to such laws and regulations as may hereafter be enacted.

We hereby announce to the native princes of India that all treaties and engagements made with them by or under the authority of the East India Company are by us accepted, and will be scrupulously maintained, and we look for the like observance on their part.

We desire no extension of our present territorial possessions; and, while we will permit no aggression upon our dominions or our rights to be attempted with impunity, we shall sanction no encroachment on those of our neighbors.

We shall respect the rights, dignity, and honor of native princes as our own; and we desire that they, as well as our own subjects, should enjoy that prosperity, and that social advancement which can only be secured by internal peace and good government.

We hold ourselves bound to the natives of our Indian territories by the same obligations of duty which bind us to all our other subjects, and those obligations by the blessing of Almighty God we shall faithfully and conscientiously fulfil.

Firmly relying ourselves on the truth of Christianity, and acknowledging with gratitude the solace of religion, we disclaim alike the right and the desire to impose our convictions on any of our subjects. We declare it to be our Royal will and pleasure that none may be in any wise favored, none molested or disquieted, by reason of their religious faith or observances, but that all shall alike enjoy the equal and impartial protection of the law; and we do strictly charge and enjoin in all those who may be in authority under us that they abstain from all interference with the religious belief or worship of any of our subjects on pain of our highest displeasure.

And it is our further will that, so far as may be, our subjects of whatever race or creed, be freely and impartially admitted to offices in our service, the duties of which they may be qualified by their education, ability, and integrity duly to discharge.

We know, and respect, the feelings of attachment with which natives of India regard the lands inherited by them from their ancestors, and we desire to protect them in all rights connected therewith, subject to the equitable demands of the State; and we will that generally, in framing and administering the law, due regard be paid to the ancient rights, usages, and customs of India.

We deeply lament the evils and misery which have been brought upon India by the acts of ambitious men, who have deceived their countrymen by false reports, and led them into open rebellion. Our power has been shown by the suppression of that rebellion in the field; we desire to show our mercy by pardoning the offences of those who have been misled, but who desire to return to the path of duty.

Already, in One Province with a desire to stop the further effusion of blood, and to hasten the pacification of our Indian dominions, our Viceroy and Governor-general has held out the expectation of pardon on certain terms, to the great majority of those who, in the late unhappy disturbances, have been guilty of offences against our government, and has declared that the punishment which will be inflicted on those whose crimes place them beyond the reach of forgiveness.

It is our Royal pleasure that these terms of grace and amnesty should be extended to all those who comply with

these conditions before the 1st day of January next.

When by the blessing of Providence, internal tranquillity shall be restored,

The Colonist.

The Colonist Printing and Publishing Company, Limited, Liability, 27 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

J. S. H. Matson, Managing Director.

The Daily Colonist

Delivered by carrier at 85 cents per month, or 75 cents if paid in advance; mailed postpaid to any part of Canada except the city or suburban districts which are covered by our carriers, or the United Kingdom at the following rates:

One year \$5.00
Six months 2.50
Three months 1.25

London Office, 90-92 Fleet Street

Wednesday, November 25, 1908

THE CONSERVATIVE LEADER.

A great deal has been said recently in the eastern press, and especially in the Liberal section of it, about the retirement of Mr. Borden from the leadership of the Conservative party. The circulation of reports of this nature was one of the things to have been expected, seeing that the Conservatives were unsuccessful in the late contest, and we can easily believe that among those members of that party, to whom success is everything, there may be some discussion as to the desirability of selecting another leader. We do not believe that this idea meets with anything like general acceptance in the East, and we know it finds no adherents among Conservatives here. This province has expressed its confidence in the leadership of Mr. Borden in a manner that cannot be mistaken, and British Columbia Conservatives, who as a rule think more of the principles at issue in politics than of the tenure of office by any set of individuals, are quite content with his leadership and are confident that under it the Conservative party will suffer no loss of prestige.

Certain eastern papers have coupled Mr. McBride's name with the succession to the party leadership. All the references are very complimentary to our provincial Premier, one of them—from a Liberal paper—being that he has the curly hair which goes with successful leadership. We are very sure that Mr. McBride's many friends will appreciate the very kindly things that are being said about him, but they will be glad to know that he has not the least intention of forsaking the provincial arena. The Colonist, thinking it timely to put an end to all speculations as to Mr. McBride's intentions, asked him if he had anything to say in regard to the reports referred to. His reply, in substance, was that we might deny in as strong language as we cared to employ that he had any intention whatever of entering the Dominion arena. He added that no proposition has been made to him, and if any were made he would absolutely decline to consider it. He has the fullest confidence in Mr. Borden, and is quite satisfied with his leadership. This statement of Mr. McBride's position may be accepted as authoritative, and in any plans that may be contemplated by any one in connection with the Conservative leadership his name need not be taken into account.

It is perhaps not unreasonable that Eastern politicians do not fully appreciate the regard in which the local affairs of this province are held by its people and its public men. Those affairs are so great, so diversified and call for the exercise of so much administrative ability, while the results which may be achieved by wise administration, may be so noteworthy and of such importance to the country as a whole, that the man, who is in close touch with them, is not likely to be dazzled by any prospect which Ottawa holds out. If Mr. McBride feels that his native province has the first right to the benefit of whatever ability he may possess, if he thinks that the confidence which the people of British Columbia have reposed in him can be better repaid by his continuing in their service at Victoria instead of embarking on the sea of federal politics, his sentiments will meet with the heartiest approval. He has done excellent work for the province and he is in a position to do and will do better work in the future. The eastern papers say that under his leadership the Conservative party in this province has grown strong, which is true enough; but what is of vastly greater importance is that under his premiership the province has grown rich and prosperous, and has enjoyed that freedom from financial and political embarrassment so essential in a new country, which invites and requires the free investment of capital. This is Mr. McBride's principal work; the strengthening of the Conservative party is only the result of it.

CAPT. TATLOW IN ENGLAND.

Capt. Tatlow, Finance Minister, is making good use of his time in England. He was present at the Birmingham Chrysanthemum show, where the British Columbia fruit exhibit was displayed. The Birmingham Gazette says of this exhibit: "Fruit, for which the show is famous far and wide, made a grand display, apples in particular being noteworthy for size and coloring. One of the most interesting features of the display was the stand of the British Columbia government, who sent a quantity of apples grown on standard trees in the open, and shown as packed in the original cases in which they have been brought 6,000 miles." The Gazette further says:

In connection with the exhibition

Mr. R. G. Tatlow (Minister of Finance and Agriculture for British Columbia) keenly interested a large audience in the evening with a lecture which he delivered in a side room of the hall on the subject of British Columbia. The province, he explained, has an area of some 400,000 square miles, with a population not exceeding 300,000. They were anxious to obtain a larger population, and they were particularly anxious that it should be of the Anglo-Saxon race. He claimed that the province was more suitable for British emigrants than any other of the colonies, because the climatic conditions were so very similar to those of the Old Country. He drew attention to the object lesson they had at that exhibition of fruit grown in the country.

With the aid of cinematograph pictures Mr. Tatlow was able to give the audience an insight into the industries of British Columbia in the way of timber, agriculture, dairying, fruit-growing, poultry, farming and fishing. Dealing with the big wheat fields and cattle ranches, Mr. Tatlow observed that, so far as the southern portion of the country was concerned, they were rapidly giving way to the fruit farmer, who obtained from 20 to 40 acres of land, and found that industry very profitable. The prices of eggs and butter gave great opening for both dairy farming and poultry raising, as in addition to the home population the producers supplied the mining fields of the Yukon. Mr. Tatlow imparted other interesting information relative to the country's resources, and especially dwelt upon the rich coal and iron fields.

This is certainly very useful work to which the Minister is devoting what he was pleased to call his "holiday" when he left here for the Mother Country. We fear that Capt. Tatlow has yet to learn the art of spending his time in elegant leisure. But as he likes the work he is doing, and it is of great value to his province, we can very well put up with a practical man in a practical department.

WHAT OF INDIA?

We print this morning the message of Edward VII, King and Emperor to the people of India on the fiftieth anniversary of the assumption by the British government of Sovereign rights over the great dependency and the extinction of the powers of the East India company. It is interesting to recall in this connection that when Queen Victoria was shown the draft of the proclamation establishing the new order of things, she objected to it, and in a note to Lord Derby, who was then premier, said:

Lord Derby should bear in mind that it is a female Sovereign who speaks to more than a hundred millions of Eastern people on assuming the direct government over them, and after a bloody civil war, giving them pledges which her future reign is to redeem, and explaining the principles of her government. Such a document should breathe feelings of generosity, benevolence, and religious toleration, and point out the privileges which the Indians will receive in being placed on an equality with the subjects of the British Crown.

Commenting upon this the Westminster Gazette says:

Thus, we got the famous document which from that time to this has been the charter of British rule in India, and the standard to which the natives have appealed and which the Viceroys have acknowledged. By this the Sovereign holds himself bound to the natives of India "by the same obligations of duty which bind him to all his other subjects," pledges himself to administer justice impartially between all races and creeds, and so far as may be, to admit freely and impartially to offices in his service his subjects, of whatever race or creed, provided they are duly qualified by their education, ability and integrity. "It is our earnest desire," proceeds the proclamation, "to stimulate the peaceful industry of India, to promote works of public utility and improvement, and to administer its government for the benefit of all our subjects resident therein. In their prosperity will be our strength, in their contentment our security, and in their gratitude our best reward."

The authorship of the Royal Message lately transmitted to India is attributed to Lord Morley, Secretary of State for India, and there is a quality in its language, which makes it very like what would be expected from that ripe scholar and sagacious statesman. It is well worthy of perusal and the several points are so admirably brought out that to endeavor to epitomize them would be waste labor. So very important are the matters involved in the relations between India and the United Kingdom that this second declaration of the attitude of the government towards the people of that country must be regarded as one of the most momentous state papers of the day.

The complexity of the Indian problem is very great. It arises from several causes, one of which, we are often told is the spread of education, by which is meant English education. It is represented that we have sent the native Hindus to schools where they have learned the lessons of English civilization, and yet to these people is denied the right of self-government.

But the census of 1901 showed that out of a population of 300,000,000 only 168,000 claimed to have been educated, or one in every 1,800 of the inhabitants of the country. And even from this small number of literates certain deductions must be made, so that in the final analysis not more than one out of every 2,500 of the people of India have received that kind of education, which is claimed entitles them to the right of self-government. Surely it is the rankest absurdity to say that the demands of a minority of this fragment of the population for the end of the British Raj can be understood as a popular demand for self-government, or that the government of this minority would be the government of India by the people of India.

Mrs. Flora Annie Steel, who is recognized as an authority on Indian matters, says that the present acts of violence in India are due to "mere feminine impulse." The new movement arises

from what she calls "the two master passions of humanity—sex and religion." She tells us that the line of cleavage between England and India has ever been the question of sex. Upon this very delicate question Mrs. Steel touches very carefully, but slight as her touch is, one is convinced that there is knowledge behind it. What she calls "the sex-creeds" of the two nations are so divergent that social equality seems impossible, and yet without social equality there will be political unrest. Here are the conclusions of this observer:

That the verdict of the nations concerning India is that "these people are not fit for self-government."

That two master passions are at work in India—Sex and Religion.

That Indian women are becoming more and more antagonistic to the foreigner, because Western Civilization sends to their homes husbands, brothers and sons defiled by Western ways.

Surely it is hard to imagine a much more serious condition than this. Statesmanship can hardly cope with it. It seems to be one of those great racial, religious and social evolutions, of which history records not a few; but none, perhaps, which has presented itself in just such a form.

The Canadian Northern is having excellent luck nowadays. It is buying roads with a prodigious hand and the British investor is taking very kindly to its bonds.

The business of the courts of the province is being seriously retarded by the insufficiency of judges. The situation is one which demands some attention at the hands of the Department of Justice.

The Minister of Public Works has abolished the patronage list, and the Minister of Marine and Fisheries has declared his intention of taking a similar course. These steps are in the right direction.

The shocking accident of yesterday resulted in the death of Mr. Ernest C. Pendray has plunged his relatives and large circle of friends into a grief which will be shared by the whole community. The deepest sympathy will be extended to the sorrowing ones in this, their hour of trial.

A very excellent list of attractions has been arranged for the fair to be held at the A.O.U.W. hall under the auspices of the Women's Auxiliary of the Anti-Tuberculosis Society. The Fair will open tomorrow evening, and we trust that so worthy an event will be rewarded with the measure of patronage which is deserved.

Mr. John D. Rockefeller, the head of the notorious Standard Oil Trust, says: "There is more important work than making money, and there is much for me to do. I belong to the Brotherhood of Man." It is regrettable that Mr. Rockefeller did not make this discovery earlier in life. Had he done so there would be some fewer millionaires in the United States and more money in the pockets of the people.

The true significance of Lord Roberts' alarming speech on the defences of Great Britain will be best understood by remembering that it is most unlikely that his deliverance was not previously weighed and approved by those in the highest authority. It is inconceivable that the Commander-in-Chief of the British land forces would plunge the country into a panic of alarm "off his own bat," so to speak.

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We had a reference yesterday to the fact that public bodies in Ottawa have set out to raise the sum of \$10,000 for the maintenance of a publicity bureau. In this connection, the Toronto Mail and Empire says: "Properly conducted publicity campaigns are as necessary today in the case of the municipality as they are for the private company enterprise and the municipality that fails to recognize this fact will be regarded as one of the most momentous state papers of the day.

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That the penalty was enforced of confounding the car for so many months. I do not wish to be too hard on the poor motorist. Let him come and see his car daily if he likes. Let him shed a tear over it daily and see to its health as it should be seen to; but don't let him use it for six months."

Though the New Zealand government suffered some losses in the general elections which have just been held, it will nevertheless have a good working majority. On November 17, the estimated strength of parties was, Government 37, Opposition 16, Independents 2. Three elections were incomplete. The elections of December, 1905, gave the government of the late Mr. Seddon a sweeping victory, the Opposition securing less than 20 seats in a House of 80. The death of Mr. Seddon took place with tragic suddenness and temporary administration was formed by Mr. Hall-Jones until the arrival of Sir Joseph Ward, who formed a ministry on August 6th, 1906, to follow the general lines of Mr. Seddon's policy. Later in the year the Labor party in Parliament showed a disposition to break away from supporting the government and assert the claims of labor.

The President, Council and Fellows of the Royal Society of Canada have placed on record their sense of the great loss sustained in the sudden death of Dr. James Fletcher, late honorary secretary of the society. At a meeting held in Ottawa on the 13th inst., an address in memoriam to the bereaved family was passed, which reads in part as follows: "Dr. Fletcher was remarkable for his genial personality and for his ability in presenting scientific subjects in attractive form. Being of an enthusiastic temperament, his ideas were conveyed with such warmth and vigor as to arouse the attention and awaken the sympathies of those he was addressing. The Fellows of the Royal Society of Canada feel keenly the serious loss they have sustained in the death of the late Dr. Fletcher and beg to assure the members of his bereaved family of the high respect and distinguished regard in which he was held and of their heartfelt sympathy with them in their sad affliction."

Whatever may be said as to the shortcomings of the Asquith government, it cannot be charged that they have not the courage of their convictions. They are proceeding in the boldest fashion to put into legislative effect those measures which have proved most unpopular with a large element of the people of England. Another Irish land purchase bill, which calls for the ultimate expenditure of no less than \$900,000,000, is the latest measure to be introduced into the Commons. John Redmond, the National leader, terms it "a bold and far-reaching measure." It would need to be, considering the huge sum involved. The bill has passed its first reading, but it has yet to run the gauntlet of the Lords, and there are those who say that the government would be pleased to have the Upper House reject one of their measures so that they could make the jurisdiction of that House an issue on which to base an appeal to the country. The Lords have heretofore refused the bills thus offered them, but they may not be inclined to adopt a similar course with this latest bill, which involves such an unprecedented expenditure.

Str—Having purchased twelve acres of land in South Saanich, three miles from the city in a farming community, having paid a high price for it, then spent sufficient money to erect buildings and go into the industry of raising hogs for our local market. There is an industry worth of notice and one from which the demand is much greater than the supply. My place is kept clean and as sanitary as anyone could desire. The medical Inspector's words are that the pens are up-to-date and in sanitary condition. Yet I am dragged into the courts and then dismissed without even getting a hearing on a complaint of mine unreasonable character from my neighbors. Is it any wonder that men of thrift and economy constantly find reason to complain of the lax encouragement given to energy and industry by the people of Victoria and the neighborhood.

May I remind your readers that Mr. A. G. Flumerfelt speaking before the Canadian Club of Victoria made this statement—sufficiently astounding, but he verified it by figures—that during last year the people of British Columbia spent between six and seven millions of dollars for produce and merchandise of this character which could perfectly well have been raised in the Islands of the province. Your editor and co-edited thought it the time on the state of affairs which Mr. Flumerfelt's words revealed. Yet when I invest my own money, fetch a member of my own family from the east to settle here and help me build up an industry, and prove to the public that money can be well and honestly made by the raising of stock and tilling of ground, and met with unreasonable accusations and every hindrance possible, it is put in my way.

It is true that the case brought against me by the municipality of South Saanich, hearing of which was begun before Reeve Quick on Thursday of last week, has been dropped by the municipality, owing to the fact that the medical health officer stated that premises were perfectly sanitary condition and that they could in no way be construed as constituting a menace to health and also that the by-law as passed differed from the draft of the text of the by-law as registered.

This is not the first time that I have had to contend against accusations in connection with this industry. Some weeks ago a charge was laid against me of having sworn from the local restaurants conveyed to my establishment in nuclear cans and without covers. This charge was dismissed, but while the facts of the prosecution was noted in the press, the fact of the dismissal of the charge was not recorded therein, as a result of which many people are under the impression that I was found guilty of the contravention of an important sanitary statute.

I may mention finally that my establishment, on Glenford avenue, three miles from Victoria represents an expenditure of nearly \$10,000. It is well run and has been declared to be perfectly up to the duly appointed provincial authorities.

Under the circumstances I can only characterize the recent action taken against me as unjustifiable persecution.

As a last word, may I respectfully ask my neighbors, the public generally, and the law of the land, where they expect me to keep pigs, if I may not keep them in the country?

W. H. PENNOCK.

SPECIAL HOLIDAY OFFERINGS

Choose the Xmas Gift Now, Delivery Later

THIS HOLIDAY SEASON we are especially well prepared to cater to your fancies in suitable and serviceable Xmas Gifts. Many special new pieces in Furniture are shown, and you'll find in our showing of Furniture many items that would make ideal gifts for lady or gentleman, young or old, family or individual. And aren't serviceable and useful gifts the sensible sort to send? A piece of furniture makes a gift that'll be appreciated for months and years after many other less serviceable, yet costly, articles have been forgotten and consigned to the fire. You'll be surprised how reasonably fair these furniture pieces are marked. Come in and see the showing—you won't be asked to buy, but, if you wish to buy, we shall hold your purchase for later delivery.

NINETY-SEVEN PIECES OF DINNERWEAR FOR \$18

Here are ninety-seven pieces of dainty dinnerware marked at a very fair price—\$18.00. Not a lot of ordinary clay, but a set in semi-porcelain, closely resembling fine china in appearance, yet having wearing qualities the china hasn't.

The decoration is blue violets, and this makes a very attractive set. We have a sample service on show in the china store today, and should be pleased to have you come in and see it.

Suitable Gifts for Lady to Lady**Ten-Cent Tables Are Interesting These Days**

Many splendid items, worth double, have been assigned to the ten-cent tables since inventory.

They're odds and ends from our point of view, but as you perhaps need buy one anyway, it's as good as if we had a big stock.

Doubly interesting are they because of the advances in price of all cheap German china.

Next fall when the new things come in, they'll cost more than we asked originally.

75c, 90c and \$1.00

NOTE AND COMMENT

For the week ending November 14, the earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company were \$1,676,000. This is an increase of \$95,000 for the same period of last year; when the gross earnings were \$1,581,000. Commenting on this good showing the Montreal Gazette says:

The explanation of this growth is again shown by the increase in the wheat shipments, which are more than double those to the same period last year. Up to November 16, this year, 35,257,000 bushels of wheat had been marketed, or about 40 per cent of the export crop. At the same time last year only 14,432,000 bushels had been marketed. During the same time this year 24,154 cars had been loaded, representing 24,154,000 bushels, as compared with 12,524 cars last year, practically double the amount. At the same time it is stated that the receipts at Fort William continue to keep their relation to the number of cars loaded throughout the west, showing that traffic through the "spot" to the head of the Great Lakes is being maintained without any clogging.

Love, liquor, gambling and improvements in automatic safety devices and signals were some of the things held responsible for many railway accidents by speakers at the eighteenth annual meeting of the New York and New England Association of Railway Surgeons the other day at New York. To quote from a report furnished by a press correspondent:

Dr. Corwin, of Pueblo, told of a young engineer, who, through jealousy, neglected his work with the result that his train was wrecked. He told of another engineer, who, while worrying over the fact that the night before he had gambled away his pay cheque, bucked his train into an excursion train. The speaker denied that railroads overworked their men by deliberately choice, and that it would be decidedly raise economy for them to do so. "Sometimes drink is mistaken for brain fag, and overwork," said he. "The public has a right to demand from railway systems that employees be given sufficient rest, but that does not go far enough. The employees should take rest during the time allotted to them, but when they do not, what then? The employee who uses his recreation for gambling, drinking and smoking to excess, is not more fit for work than is the man who has been on duty eighteen hours or twenty hours." Change of signal systems now in use by the railroads was advocated in a paper by Prof. Geo. M. Stratton, of the University of California. "One hundred persons may be killed in an accident due to the color blindness of the present engineer," declared the professor, "and it is time that a change for better safety be made. The examination of all employees should be mercilessly conducted." The United States navy system of signalling by night lights was urged for adoption by Prof. Stratton.

A special local interest attaches to the following press dispatch from Halifax from the fact that the Mr. J. A. D. McCurdy, who is alledged to be a son of Mr. Arthur W. McCurdy of this city:

Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, writing from Baddeck, C.B., where he has an extensive laboratory, says the Aerial Experiment Association is actively employed on flying machine experiments there, and at Hammonspoint, N.Y. Dr. Bell adds that Dome No. 4, McCurdy's "Silver Dock," has been completed in Hammonspoint, and is expected to take the air tomorrow or as soon as the weather will permit. Aerodromes No. 5 and No. 6 are rapidly approaching completion at Baddeck, but will not be tried until after the Hammonspoint experiment has been completed. Dome No. 4, McCurdy's "Silver Dock," has been built by the Aerial Experiment Association after plans approved by J. A. D. McCurdy, a native of Baddeck and graduate of Toronto University, and one of Dr. Bell's chief laborers. McCurdy has made a large number of flights in Dome No. 3, Junebug. Dr. Bell says that no man in America, except the Wright brothers, has made so many successful flights in a heavier flying apparatus. It is believed by Dr. Bell that McCurdy will be able at Hammonspoint to eclipse his record, flight of two and a half miles that he made in the "Junebug."

Donald McCallum, the twenty-two-year-old lad who has just been sentenced to four years' penal servitude for theft of \$16,000 from the Farmers' Bank of Ontario, made the appended statement as he traveled to the penitentiary. The Ottawa Free Press reproduces it and adds: "What more eloquent sermon could be preached on the folly of speculation than this bald statement?"

"I tried to get rich too fast. People would talk to me of 'sure things' in horses and stocks, and I thought I could do something for myself. I traded in New York industrials and in Sugar and Cobalts. I was never caught short of the market, and I made money in some accounts, but I couldn't keep it up. It needs capital."

"Looks to me as if a bank man should cut out gambling of any kind. He shouldn't touch stocks, for he can't keep his mind on his work and on the market, too."

It is pointed out by the Toronto Mail and Empire that unquestionably it was the late Sir Henri Joll's intelligent advocacy of forest preservation that started Quebec to reform its administration of its timber lands and that gave the first impulse to the formation of a Canadian Forestry Association. In 1887, Sir Henri made a report to the Minister of Agriculture, in which he said:

"Let us try and make an inventory of the timber resources of the Dominion, beginning in the West. On the Pacific shores of the Dominion, in British Columbia, the bountiful gifts of Providence are still stored up for us, and the forests have scarcely been attacked by the lumberman. The great forest of Canada par excellence is spread over that vast territory watered by the Ottawa, the St. Maurice, the Saguenay, and their tributaries, over 100,000 square miles in extent. Other timber lands are found in the Georgian Bay country, the Muskoka and Nipissing regions; the Eastern Townships, and the south shore of the St. Lawrence to the Gulf; the region on the north shore of the St. Lawrence from the Saguenay to the Betslamis, and perhaps lower down as far as Michigan, and the country watered by the St. John, the Miramichi, the Restigouche and their tributaries."

Johnny Jergensen, 11 years old, is the only child of school age in the district near Kettle Falls, Wash., and has a teacher all to himself.

Belfast Whig.—The English municipal elections afford an excellent means of estimating the trend of po-

FORTY YEARS AGO

The British Colonist, Wednesday, Nov. 25, 1868.

Kootenay Gold Mines.—The government has received dispatches from Mr. O. Riley to 20th October. He confirms the reports of the discovery of new and rich gold diggings in the Kootenay district, and says that pay gravel paid from \$8 to \$14 to the hand. From crevices of the bedrock the Discovery Company extracted \$225 and the Downie Co. \$157 in two days. The supply of provisions at the camp was light and the Commissioner hopes that a large number may not rush in in the spring.

Rev. Mr. Somerville of this city has been invited to deliver the opening lecture of a series to be delivered at Port Townsend the coming winter.

Contract Awarded.—The brick building to be constructed for Mr. Gibbs on Government St. has been given to Messrs. Emery & Humber to erect. It will be a one-story structure.

Quick Promotion.—The recent promotion of Mr. Baggaley, M.P., to the solicitor-generalship is the fifth appointment to that office made by the present Tory government in less than two years and a half.

ABOUT PEOPLE

The decline of the silk hat in England, which is causing much concern among the makers of it, proceeds, says the Manchester Guardian, with ever-accelerating rapidity. The bicycle began it, and the motor car is completing the process. There are about six hundred men and women in this country who make silk hats, and they are members of one of the oldest trade unions in the country, for it descends in direct continuity from the associations of beaver hat makers of the seventeenth century. But the English silk hat maker has a wider market than this country. He exports to every European capital and to the colonies, and since the Russo-Japanese war Japan has been one of his best customers.

It is said that the silk hats exported to Paris and Vienna have to be strengthened at the brims, because the French and Austrians raise their hats so much oftener and more vigorously than anybody else in Europe. There are still, by the way, a few customers for the beaver hat. There are only about half a dozen men in London who can make this kind of hat, and not long ago there was a danger of the art disappearing altogether. To prevent this some apprentices were hurriedly initiated into the craft.

Few poets have had so busy a life as the author of "Father O'Flynn." For the past thirty years, the "Bookman" says, Mr. Alfred Pearcey Graves has been one of H.M. Inspectors of schools, yet he found time to serve for eight years as hon. secretary of the Irish Literary Society; has all along been an eager student of Irish folk song and story; is a vice-president of the Irish Folk Song Society, and has for long past been a moving and most potent spirit in the Irish literary revival. Latterly Mr. Graves has given himself to a study of the music and literature of the Welsh, Manx, Highland and Breton Celts, and is at present engaged in writing words to the leading Welsh melodies, as he has done already to some of the Manx airs, seeking always to keep in closest sympathy with their varying Celtic spirit.

The "Book Monthly" has a story from the Pacific Slope about Joaquin Miller and a fashionably-dressed lady whom he took in for dinner. It happened that the lady had been known to him from childhood, and that encouraged her to discourse on the beauties of a Parisian gown which she wore. He said little or nothing in reply, so she demanded, "But do you not really like the dress?" "Well," replied the poet, "I like part of it well enough." She brightened at this, and asked, "What part?" "The part you have on," answered the poet, and that ended the discussion.

Throughout his life the late Dr. Caird cherished a strong personal affection for his predecessor in the mastership of Balliol. In his letters Jowett repeatedly urged Caird to wage war upon "those repulsive people" (Bain and Herbert Spencer), "who are the very Tumpers of philosophy, and yet have gained for themselves fame." Indirectly Jowett was responsible for the election of Caird to the professorship of moral philosophy at Glasgow. He was at first disposed to press the claims of John Nichol, but, hearing that a majority of the electors would in no case vote for Nichol against other strong candidates, he, with the latter's full permission, asked Caird to stand. Jowett was much pleased with the way in which Nichol welcomed the election of their common friend and his own failure.

It is very seldom that such a substantial slice of lottery luck falls to the lot of an Englishman by the £3,169 prize which Sergeant-Major Roff of the 1st North Staffordshire Regiment, is said to have drawn in a continental state lottery. On the continent, however, such dramatic happenings are quite common, and the fortunate winners are often of humble rank. Thus in recent Paris press bulletins the first prize of £40,000 fell to a boilermaker, the second prize to a small shopkeeper, and the third of £4,000 to a compositor. In a previous French press lottery Madame Hoser, a canteen-maid, won £40,000 with one of three tickets purchased for a few francs.

Rosalie Neish, an English writer, says: "I notice a great change in the style of children's books that are published nowadays. Books for children used to contain so many more horrors, terrifying goblins and gruesome bogies and gormandising giants are almost things of the past. Nowadays we teach children differently and love them rather than punish them into being good. And it is a far wiser way, for children are seldom spoilt by love. Moreover, their own sweet natures are more likely to assert themselves when not crushed and terrified by punishment, and the parents who tell a child that if she isn't good in a big black man will fetch her away in the night, stands a very good chance of being dismissed without a character, whereas to the old-fashioned nurse this was a favorite and very frequent threat. It is astonishing what efforts children make to try and make themselves good and how much more ready they sometimes are to resist temptation than we grown-ups."

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BRITISH OPINION

The Morning Post says:—Whatever Mr. Redmond may have said in America, his repeated utterances in this country have made clear that the Nationalist objective is not provincial autonomy of the kind enjoyed by Quebec and Ontario, but a complete measure of self-government of the kind enjoyed by the Dominion of Canada, or, to quote other parallels he has used, the Transvaal and the Orange River Colony. This distinction is fundamental, and yet it is overlooked more often than not in discussions of Home Rule. But if a limited autonomy like that of the Canadian provinces is not the full measure of Home Rule at which the Nationalists aim neither would it fulfill Mr. Redmond's condition as regards capacity for future expansion. A marked characteristic of the Canadian federal system is that it is in practice final. No single province can succeed in extorting for itself a large measure of independence, because all the provinces have to be treated alike and the majority of them prefer the existing arrangement to any change yet proposed. If the Canadian model were followed here the United Kingdom would subdivide into a number of provinces—not necessarily coinciding with England, Wales, Scotland, and Ireland—each of which would have legislature identically constituted and subordinate to the Parliament at Westminster as a federal legislature, corresponding to that of the Canadian Dominion. Under such a system Ireland, even if it were a single province instead of being subdivided into two or three, could go no further concessions except in the extremely unlikely event of all the other provinces agreeing to make similar demands on their own account. The utmost that the Nationalist party might then hope to achieve, according to the Canadian precedent, would be the recognition of Ireland as a necessary province, entitled to exceptional grants of federal money. Such being the main features of the Canadian model, how can anyone pretend that Mr. Redmond's policy aims at reproducing it in the United Kingdom?

Mr. Lindsey Talbot-Crosbie, writing to the Morning Post says:—Thanks to the patriotic action of a section of Irishmen, the present idea of Ireland held by the British electorate is that it is a country seething with disorder, and consequently in a very unfit condition for the introduction of any measures of reform. For the first time in our history we are now in a position to deal with the reform of government in Ireland as a direct issue. The land question up there has been the dominant factor, but the Government have now expressed their determination to complete the work so well begun by Mr. Wyndham, and finally to abolish dual ownership. The time for the completion of the work is, however, fixed as another twenty-five years, and Ireland certainly cannot afford to suffer for the present form of government, with its extravagance and ineptitude, for such a lengthened period. The sooner therefore that reform is taken in hand the better. What is, then, the Irish demand? And what are the best means of giving effect to it? The demand is very succinctly stated in Mr. Redmond's Home Rule resolution, and received the assent of so large a majority in the House of Commons, but which must not be allowed to remain a plous opinion. We demand action thereon. Then, what are the best means of giving effect to this demand? In the first place we do not want any party triumph. We do not believe in either party being forced into concessions through the accident of the balance of power being in the hands of the Irish representatives. We appeal to right and reason. The Government have determined not to take the initiative again during this Parliament, but you probably be glad to see a first step taken in the "step-by-step" policy. Lord Macdonald's present position would enable this to be effectively accomplished. Not long hampered by officialism, he could call to his aid representatives of all parties in preparing a new "Irish Council Bill" fulfilling the conditions very rightly insisted upon by Mr. Redmond.

London Standard:—The question which will naturally be asked by many of our countrymen, and especially by the Chancellor of the Exchequer and the officials of the Treasury, is how far can Germany's financial proposals be adapted to our own needs. The deficit with which Mr. Lloyd George has had to be confronted next April, is of the same order of magnitude as that with which Herr Sydow has had to deal. Precisely how large it will be must depend on the national defense policy which the Government will reveal in the course of the next few months. Short of a marauding expedition on the habitations of tame birds, the Government have not shown any signs of being in possession of a scheme which will contribute any appreciable funds to the national Exchequer. How far is it possible for them to follow the German lead? They cannot raise the duties on beer, wines, spirits, and tobacco, for already the revenue raised from the consumption of these articles in the United Kingdom is larger than it is in Germany, and in fact, in any other country in the world. It was shown in the paper read before the Royal Statistical Society some months ago by Mr. S. Rosenthal that the yield of these duties in the United Kingdom has almost reached the "elastic limits" of taxation, and that further increase of duties might lead to a diminished instead of an increased return. The death duties are already four to five times as heavy as in Germany, even with the new scale in force; while we have an Income-tax which does not exist for Imperial purposes in Germany. There remains the new duties on gas and electricity, advertisements and the assumption of a spirits monopoly. Regarding the first, we do not suppose this country would tolerate it, with the latter's full permission, asked Caird to stand. Jowett was much pleased with the way in which Nichol welcomed the election of their common friend and his own failure.

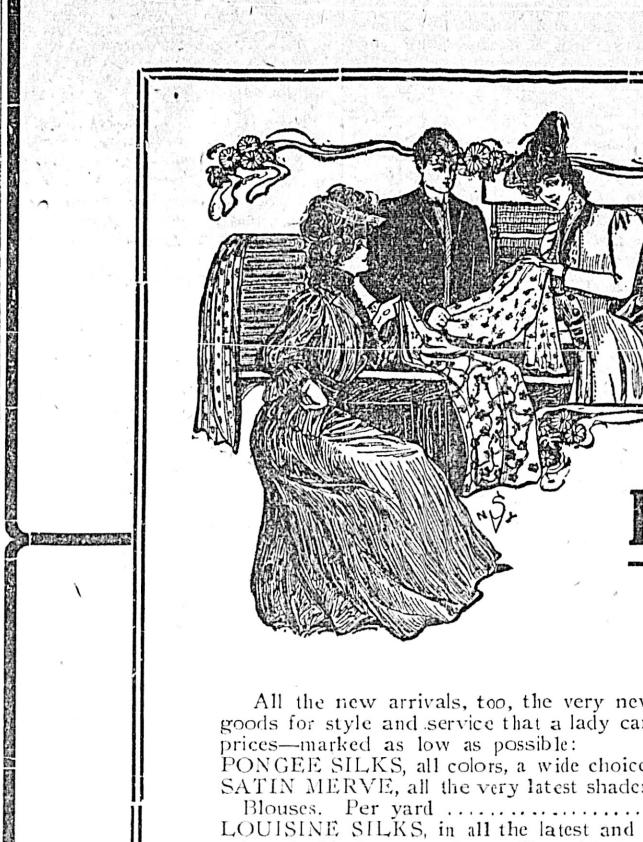
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Some Unrivalled Values

All the new arrivals, too, the very newest shades and A1 qualities; the most desirable goods for style and service that a lady can purchase. Simply unrivaled values at these prices—marked as low as possible:	85¢
PONGEE SILKS, all colors, a wide choice. Per yard	90¢
SATIN MERVE, all the very latest shades, very pretty and dainty for Waists and Blouses. Per yard	\$1.00
LOUISINE SILKS, in all the latest and most popular shades, almost the finest fabrics imaginable because they will positively not crack. Per yard	\$1.25
FANCY STRIPED SILKS, very pretty and most stylish for Waists. Why not make a new Blouse with a few yards of these, to wear on Xmas Day. Per yard	\$1.25
LIBERTY SATINS, in white, black and all the new shades. Per yard	\$1.25
ALL SILK TAFFETAS AND LINEN AND SILK TAFFETAS, a very fine collection, and splendid value at, per yard	90¢

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

1123 Govt. St., Victoria



UR Black unfinished Worsted medium length Fall Overcoat is always a great favorite.

This coat is the Ideal Coat for the Conservative dresser or Middle Aged Man who wants a handsome Coat, but not an extreme style.

We have this popular coat in several grades.

\$15, \$18, \$20 or \$30

Some are serge lined, some silk lined and some faced to the edge with silk. All are handsome.

ALLEN & CO.,

FIT-REFORM

1201 Govt. St.

VICTORIA

REGINA LIBEL SUIT

Particulars of Charges Filed on Behalf of Premier Scott—Original Charge Left Out

Regina, Sask., Nov. 23.—The Laird-Scott libel case came before the court again today, and the order of the judge that the defense file particulars of the graft charges against Mr. Laird was complied with, Alex. Ross, for Mr. Scott, filed a lengthy document, in which he alleged that in October, 1905, Mr. Laird received from the contracting firm of Dobson, Jackson & Fry the sum of \$1500

MONEY TO LOAN ON APPROVED SECURITY

FOR RENT—Modern furnished bungalow at Oak Bay with all conveniences, \$35 a month. Will rent for a long period if desired.

WANTED—5 acres or so with dwelling, within easy distance of city.

BRITISH-AMERICAN TRUST CO. LTD

Cor. Broad and View Streets, Victoria, B. C.

It is Cough Time—Now

And it is very unwise to let a cough run on because frequent coughing increases irritation in the bronchial passages. Wise people cure their coughs with

BOWES' BRONCHIAL BLASMA.

It relieves them and will relieve you. We do not affirm it will cure a cough in one night, but a few days' use will certainly cure a long-standing cold or bronchial cough. Unrivalled in all throat and lung troubles, asthma, etc. Per bottle, 50c, at this store.

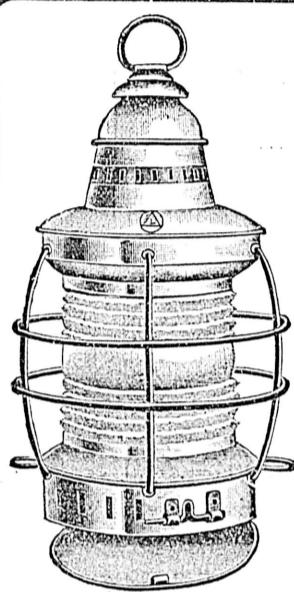
CYRUS H. BOWES, CHEMIST Government Street, Near Yates.

Lamps! Lights!

Our Stock of Ship and Yacht Lamps is large and complete

Side Lights, Head Lights, Anchor Lights, Combination Launch Lights, Canoe Lamps, Brass Cabin Lamps.

E. B. Marvin & Co.
The Ship Chandlers
1206 Wharf St.



THE COLONIST ENGRAVING DEPARTMENT

A MODERN ENGRAVING PLANT PRODUCING THE BETTER GRADE OF DESIGNS ILLUSTRATIONS AND ENGRAVINGS

This Is the Weather for LECKIE BOOTS

Wet feet expose children to a thousand ills. Do not take chances. Supply your little folk with Leckie boots and run no risks. Leckie boots are all leather, the strongest and most durable footwear man ever made.

A new pair of Leckie boots now will be a good pair of Leckie boots six months from now.

J. Fullerton
Quality Shoe Man
1008 Government Street

FOR SALE THE CHRISTMAS STAMPS ASK ANYBODY

In Aid of Anti-Tuberculosis Society
A. O. U. W. HALL.
November 26, 27, 28.

Local Option Campaign

A committee in the interest of the local option campaign was appointed for Ward 4 at a small meeting which was held last evening in the Baptist Tabernacle on Fort street, with Mr. Thos. Wood, of Oak Bay avenue, as chairman, and Mr. R. Hetherington, as secretary. It is the intention to organize a committee to take charge of the work in each ward in the city. Rev. G. W. Dean is chairman of the general committee for the city, and a meeting will be held in the Y.M.C.A. Hall on Friday evening, when Ald. Gleason will discuss this issue. The attendance at these meetings, so far, has by no means been numerous.

TO SEATTLE, 25c.
S.S. Whatcom leaves daily, except Thursday, at 8 p.m.

HACKS

Driving loads, one or four persons, single hour

\$2.00

Over an hour and a half \$1.50 per hour, within city limits.

Victoria Transfer Co., Ltd.

Phone 129

Advertise in THE COLONIST

NEWS OF THE CITY

To Rehearsal Oratorio
The weekly rehearsal for the oratorio St. Paul will take place this evening.

St. Barnabas Bazaar
An interesting event this afternoon is the opening of the bazaar in St. Barnabas church schoolroom by Bishop Perrin. It will be continued tomorrow.

Premier Will Preside
The Hon. Mr. McBride will take the chair this evening in the lecture room of Centennial church, when Rev. S. J. Thompson will deliver an address upon Ireland and the Irish.

Mock Parliament Tonight
The mock parliament will hold its second session, this evening in the Y.M.C.A. hall. Attorney General Warren has given notice of motion, concerning procedure in cases of corrupt practices.

Case Set for Trial
Judge Lampman yesterday fixed December 3 for the trial of the case of Parhsen versus National Finance Co. Ltd. Pooley, Luxton & Pooley are solicitors for the plaintiff and Crease & Crease for the defense.

Meeting Tonight
The Young Women's club of the Metropolitan Methodist church will hold a meeting this evening in the lecture hall. It is understood that the programme will be of a literary character. It is hoped that all members will make a point of attending.

Baxter Hive to Meet
The members of Baxter Hive, No. 8, L. O. T. M., met with Mrs. Williscroft last Wednesday to arrange for their social and fishpond to be held Tuesday evening, Dec. 1. The ladies are requested to meet with Mrs. Hydes next Thursday for sewing and final arrangements.

Miss Grylls' Recital
Miss Cordelia Grylls sang last evening at the Empress hotel her programme being as follows: "My Mother Bids Me Bid My Hair"; "Hadji Camoun"; "Music Strange"; "Berceuse de Josselyn"; "Godwin"; (a) "The Wake" Woodford; "Floden"; and (b) "Spring Morning," Lane Wilson; "Allan Water"; Old English; and "April Morn," Battien.

Help the Exhibit
A letter has been received from Capt. Tatlow in which he suggests that everyone with friends in England, near any of the places where the Provincial fruit exhibit is being displayed, should write them to be sure to visit the show and bring as many friends as possible. The finance minister expects to sail on the 11th of December, which will bring him home in time for Christmas.

Chambers Today
The registrar of the supreme court yesterday received a telegram from the chief justice saying that a judge would be here to take chambers today. Among the more important matters set for hearing are the Garsies' appeal, a motion to dismiss the action of Brattton versus Judge Martin and R. T. Elliott's application for a writ of prohibition aimed at the Victoria West arbitration.

Lodge Social
This evening Columbia Lodge, I. O. O. F., will have a very short business meeting and will adjourn to entertain their guests. Progressive Five Hundred will be the first part of the programme, for which three prizes will be offered, first, second and booby. Refreshments will be served during the evening and dancing will end the entertainment. All Odd Fellows will be welcome.

Van Munster Wins
In the county court yesterday Judge Lampman gave judgment in favor of the plaintiff in the case of Van Munster versus Robinson. He allowed \$283 on the claim and \$65 on the defendant's counterclaim. The action was brought for balance due and extras in connection with constructing a building on Fort street. The defendant counter-claimed for damages for loss of rent owing to delay and for defective workmanship. H. B. Robertson appeared for the plaintiff and J. A. Atkman and J. H. Bell for the defendant.

Presbyterian Club
The members of First Presbyterian club had a most enjoyable social on Monday evening. The programme consisted of a reading by Miss McNeven, and songs by Mr. R. Morrison and Mr. J. G. Brown. The advertisement guessing competition resulted in a tie between Miss J. Lamont, Miss Frank and Mr. R. Watson. The meetings of the club are held every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the schoolroom of the First Presbyterian church. All strangers are invited to come and they will be given a hearty welcome.

Anniversary on Sunday

Anniversary services in connection with the Church of Our Lord, Reformed Episcopal, will be held next Sunday the 23rd inst., a circular having been issued by the wardens announcing the event. They state that "had been hoped by postponing this celebration for three weeks that Bishop Cridge's health would have so far improved as to enable him to occupy the pulpit as has been his wont." They still express the hope that he may be able to be present to take an active part in the services. Rev. T. W. Gladstone will preach in the morning on "The Church, the Pillar and Ground of Faith." In the evening he will take for his subject "A Royal Priesthood." An appropriate musical programme has been prepared by the choir, the members of which will be assisted by prominent local vocalists. The evening service will close with song.

New Band Organized

Under the name of the Victoria Concert band, twenty-six members of Local No. 247 Musicians' Mutual Protective association, met last evening at their headquarters on Johnson street and organized, with Mr. Sidney Rogers as leader. The instrumentation of the new band will in many respects be superior to the past City band. New uniforms, that adopted by the International Musicians' union, are now on their way here and will be worn for the first time in the series of Sunday afternoon concerts which are to be held in the Victoria theatre on Sunday, Dec. 6. These concerts became very popular last winter when the New Grand proved too small, hence the reason for holding them in the Victoria theatre this season. Aside from the band numbers on the programme there will be other features introduced that will prove popularly acceptable.

The Willamette Iron and Steel company of Portland has been awarded contracts for building machinery and boilers for four light draft river steamers to be used in Alaskan waters for the Northern Navigation Company, and arrangements are progressing for the building of three others which are to be used on Copper river.

The steamer Queen City is being overhauled at the B. C. Marine Ital-



THE WEATHER

Meteorological office, Victoria, B. C., November 24, 1908:

SYNOPTIC.

The barometer is rising to the northward and fair colder weather is general throughout this province except snow is falling in Cariboo. Moderate easterly winds are reported on the coast. An extensive cold wave is spreading southward to the prairie provinces, it is likely to be preceded by a general snowfall.

TEMPERATURE.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	40	47
Vancouver	37	45
New Westminster	36	41
Kamloops	32	42
Barkerville	24	31
Fox Simpson	30	36
Atlin	12	22
Dawson, Y. T.	16 below 8°	28
Calgary, Alta.	22	38
Winnipeg, Man.	26	30
Portland, Ore.	40	46
San Francisco, Cal.	48	58

FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacifc Time) Wednesday:

Victoria and Vicinity: Light or moderate winds, partly cloudy, stationary or lower temperature.

Lower Mainland: Light or moderate winds, generally fair, stationary or lower temperature.

TUESDAY.

	High	Low
Highest	47	40
Lowest	40	39
Mean	43	38

Rain, .17 inch; sunshine, 2 hours, 12 minutes.

TIDE TABLE.

Victoria, B. C., November, 1908.

Date	Time	Height	Time	Height
1	12 12	1.8	11 53	8.3
2	12 12	8.2	11 48	7.3
3	12 12	8.0	11 44	6.8
4	12 12	7.2	11 40	6.3
5	12 12	6.4	11 36	5.8
6	12 12	5.6	11 32	5.3
7	12 12	4.8	11 28	4.4
8	12 12	4.0	11 24	3.9
9	12 12	3.2	11 20	3.8
10	12 12	2.4	11 16	3.4
11	12 12	1.6	11 12	3.0
12	12 12	.8	11 08	2.6
13	12 12	.0	11 04	2.2
14	12 12	-1.0	11 00	1.8
15	12 12	-2.0	10 56	1.4
16	12 12	-3.0	10 52	1.0
17	12 12	-4.0	10 48	-0.6
18	12 12	-5.0	10 44	-1.2
19	12 12	-6.0	10 40	-1.8
20	12 12	-6.8	10 36	-2.4
21	12 12	-7.6	10 32	-3.0
22	12 12	-8.3	10 28	-3.6
23	12 12	-8.9	10 24	-4.2
24	12 12	-9.4	10 20	-4.8
25	12 12	-9.8	10 16	-5.4
26	12 12	-10.1	10 12	-6.0
27	12 12	-10.3	10 08	-6.6
28	12 12	-10.5	10 04	-7.2
29	12 12	-10.6	10 00	-7.8
30	12 12	-10.6	09 56	-8.4

The time used is Pacific Standard, for the 12th Meridian west. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The figures for height serve to distinguish High Water from Low Water.

The height is in feet and tenths of a foot, above the average level of the lowest Low Water in each month of the year. This level is half a foot lower than the datum to which the soundings on the admiralty chart of Victoria harbour are reduced.

THE MAIIS.

Vancouver and the East

Closes—Daily at 11:30 p.m. and 1:30 p.m., except Sunday.

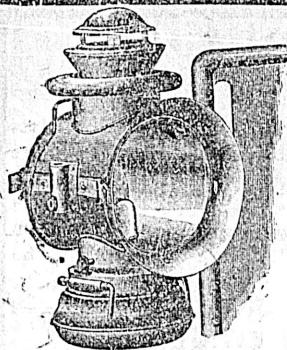
Due—2:30 p.m., except Tuesday, and 7 p.m. daily.

United Kingdom and Foreign

Closes—11:30 p.m. except Sunday and 1:30 p.m. daily.

Due—7 p.m. daily.

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What Mme.
Lillian Nordica's Accompanist

THINKS OF THE

GERHARD HEINTZMAN PIANO

Montreal, March 17, 1904.

The Gerhard Heintzman Co.,
Toronto Ont.

Dear Sirs.—
It gives me great pleasure to express my perfect satisfaction with the lovely **Gerhard Heintzman** Grand Piano which I used last night at Mme. Nordica's concert.

(Signed)

E. ROMAYNE SIMMONS.

FLETCHER BROS
SOLE AGENTS

Captain J. A. O'Brien, American steamer Yucatan, reports November 14, 1908, the buoy was missing from Favorite reef, Lynn Canal, Alaska, and on November 15, 1908, the light on Hog rock, Revillagigedo channel, Alaska, was not burning.

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THE CHRISTMAS STAMP AND WHAT IT MEANS

Badge of the Fight That is Being Waged Against the White Plague

"What is the Christmas stamp?" The posters advertising it will be put in the stores today and many will be asking themselves the question. Victorians should understand what the Christmas stamp means for then they will desire to help it along and add to their Christmas as part of the spirit of the most beautiful day of the year.

Each stamp is engraved with a tiny red cross, a wreath of holly and the words "Merry Christmas." The Red cross means something. It is the sign of that great organization that comes to the rescue in time of pestilence, famine and disaster. But in this case the stamps are issued to help combat the pestilence of the white plague, which every year takes its toll from the happy homes of British Columbia and for this purpose it will be on sale at the Anti-Tuberculosis auxiliary bazaar which opens tomorrow at the A.O.U.W. hall.

The stamp does not cost much, but every cent derived from its sale will go to active work against consumption—paying for nurses, dispensary and sanitarium work, relieving the consumptive poor, educating the public and more particularly towards the completion of the new sanitarium at Trailside. The little stamp is not good for postage. It cannot carry a letter, but any letter or package can carry it, and it brings with it a message that is good for those who send as well as those who receive it. It is a concrete expression of the motto "Goodwill to men."

The stamps have been widely sold in the States as well as in Canada, but whether bought in Maine or Florida, Ontario or Manitoba, British Columbia or Washington, it is the same Christmas stamp—a tiny battle flag in the war against the white plague, a little message of goodwill, bearing its holiday greeting on letter and package, and linking sender and receiver in a chain of brotherhood with those who need help and healing. "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto the least of these My brethren, we have done it unto Me." Each Christmas stamp with its red cross and its holly wreath, carries with its "Merry Christmas," that deeper message, too.

It is hoped that Victorians will turn out in force tomorrow and on the succeeding days of the bazaar and help the good work. If you do nothing else, "Buy a stamp."

OAK BAY RESIDENTS DISCUSS ELECTIONS

Majority of Opinion That Present Councillors Will Have Little Opposition

"Who will be our representatives for 1909?" This is a question which is in circulation among the residents of Oak Bay district and which forms the basis for many argumentative discussions. From what can be learned, in a general way, it appears that the majority of the voters of the municipality are strongly of the opinion that the present councillors have handled the affairs of the municipality in a businesslike manner. That being the case it is thought that those who present themselves for re-election will be returned without opposition.

The decision of W. E. Oliver to retire from the position of reeve is widely regretted but, as that step has been taken, there is some debate as to who will be selected as his successor. The councillor who was appointed by Mr. Oliver to act until the next election, A. Henderson, it is believed will be the chosen of those entitled to the exercise of the franchise in the municipality. That he is the senior member of the council, that he is in consequence thoroughly conversant with the work underway and that planned for the future, as well as his personal business acumen are points which, it is believed, will result in his selection to that office should he consent to become a candidate.

With regard to the composition of the council there seems to be considerable doubt. There are six members and the withdrawal of Mr. Henderson to occupy the presiding seat would leave a vacancy. It is thought that while the Oak Bay people have accepted Mr. Oliver's word that he will not become reeve again, they will make a determined effort to retain his services as a councillor. The fact that he will be away for a good part of the next year, according to report, it is said would not deter the placing of his name in nomination should he consent to such procedure. At any rate, a move will be made in that direction.

It is understood that Councillor W. F. Fernie has decided to withdraw from public service at the end of the term. The others have not yet made up their minds but it is thought that they will consent, when the time arrives, to place their names before the electors. This leaves two vacancies to be filled, one of which, possibly, will be offered W. E. Oliver. Whether there will be more nominations than there are open places on the council is a matter for conjecture. The sentiment, as stated, is that the holders of offices have acquitted themselves admirably and that, therefore, it is scarcely probable that either Mr. Henderson, should he take nomination for reeve, or any of the councillors of 1908, will be opposed. At any rate there has been no mention of the names of any others up to the present.

J. S. Floyd, clerk of the municipality, expressed a desire yesterday afternoon that the attention of the Oak Bay householders should be drawn to the fact that they are required to register before the first of next month in order to procure the right of a vote in the forthcoming elections. He stated that already there had been quite a number of applications but, as the time limit had almost expired, those concerned should not delay any longer taking the step which will place their hands the right to a voice in the choice of representatives for the forthcoming twelve months.

Beginning Monday, the Ceech Cafe will serve a business men's lunch for 25¢. Give it a trial.

Subscribe for THE COLONIST

LAND GRANT FOR CHURCH

Andersons Contribute Site for Anglican Townsite at Alberni

Rev. Mr. Wimberley, the Church of England minister at Alberni, who is expected to return shortly from his trip to England, where he has been on business, has sent a letter to an Alberni friend telling of the gift by the Anderson Townsite company of two lots for a site for a church at New Alberni. He is extremely gratified with his reception by the Andersons, who told him that Alberni was going to be a very important place, and that the coming year's work in New Alberni would, they thought, cause rather a sensation. This, coming from headquarters, is an important statement, and should still further strengthen confidence in the future of this coming district.

LI SUM LING WILL COME TO VICTORIA

Chinese Editor to Be Guest of Lee Mong Kow—His Visit's Reason

Li Sum Ling, editor of the China Mail, who has been visiting the United States in furtherance of the project launched by the New York Herald for an alliance between China and the United States, is expected in Victoria



LI SUM LING.

within a few days. Li Sum Ling and Li Ling, a prominent Chinese merchant of New York, who is travelling with him, will be guests of Lee Mong Kow of this city, to whom Li Sum Ling has written telling of his approaching visit to this city, from where he expects to start for Hongkong by one of the Empress steamers if his plans are not changed as a result of the interview he is holding with Tang Shao-yi and H. L. Prince Tsai Fu at San Francisco, where the Chinese special commissioners have arrived on their way to Washington to give thanks for the remission of the Boxer indemnity by the Washington government.

Li Sum Ling is the editor of the China Mail at Hongkong, and at the invitation of James Gordon Bennett, of the New York Herald, he came to the United States and has been travelling since among the Chinese communities. He is a young man 26 years of age, and is one of the stronger types of modern China. Before going into journalism he was employed in a bank at the far eastern colony.

IN MEMORIAM

At the meeting of the Natural History Society on Monday evening, a vote of profound condolence in the family of the late Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere was moved by the secretary, Mr. Frank Sylvester, seconded by Rev. Canon Beanlands. A similar motion which will be forwarded to the family of the late Dr. Fletcher, Dominion Entomologist, was proposed by Mr. J. R. Anderson and seconded by Dr. Newcombe. While the death of Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere was not altogether unexpected owing to his age, it is wholly otherwise in the case of Dr. Fletcher, whose disappearance from the scene where his wide knowledge of insect life and his marked ability in every branch of this important department of horticulture, made his usefulness most conspicuous. His many friends in this city and island, which he visited only a few weeks ago, were shocked to learn that they would never see his kindly face or hear his pleasant voice again. He lectured not long since before the city teachers' association in the Y.M.C.A. hall.

At the meeting two weeks hence, Mr. Frank Sylvester, the secretary will recount a fresh series of interesting incidents in his lively experiences during pioneer days.

DECEMBER EDISON RECORDS NOW ON SALE

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MANY SETTLERS GOING INTO NECHACO VALLEY

Land Easily Cleared—Grand Trunk Route Has Been Partially Settled

One of the surveyors who have put in the summer in the northern interior of British Columbia is R. P. Bishop, who has just returned from a season spent in the Nechaco valley. He states that there were a great many settlers going into that section and that the land round the south shore of Fraser lake has all been taken up by pre-emptors, with the exception of the Indian reserves which comprise a great deal of the very finest land.

Owing to the fact that the land is held in common and that the Indians see no reward either for themselves or their family to recompense for the trouble of cultivating them, the reserves are left unimproved and present an unwelcome contrast to the neighboring land taken up by white settlers. The land in the Nechaco valley is covered with a second growth of popular, Mr. Bishop says, and is comparatively easy to clear. The country shows evidences of having once been covered with a growth of fir, of which only a few rotting stumps remain.

It is but recently that this section has been accessible to settlers, as formerly everything had to be packed in. However, last winter the government built a sleigh road which largely follows the line of the old Telegraph trail running from Quesnel to Fraser lake. Now a regular wagon road is being built by the government of which some 40 or 50 miles appear to be already completed, and the rest will be finished ere long. The result is that settlers are now able to bring in their effects.

Speaking of the Grand Trunk, Mr. Bishop said that the line had been located for part of the distance through the district. It crossed the Fraser just above Fort George and follows the south shore of the Nechaco river nearly to Fraser lake. Thence it skirts the south shore of Fraser lake as far as Stella. From that point there are two preliminary lines laid out, and it is understood that the exact route is not definitely settled.

The party remained in the country until the last moment, and had quite an exciting time coming out. The river was beginning to freeze and was full of blocks an inch or two inches thick, and they were obliged to keep the scows moving day and night. They made a record trip for a large party from Fraser lake to Soda creek, covering the 300 miles in the five days.

ERNEST C. PENDRAY MEETS SUDDEN DEATH

Son of W. J. Pendray Killed in Shocking Accident on Belleville Street

Ernest C. Pendray, eldest son of W. J. Pendray, of the B. C. Soap Works and British American Paint company, who was superintendent of the soap business, was instantly killed in a runaway accident on Belleville street, a few minutes before 12 o'clock noon yesterday. Mr. Pendray left the works at 856 Pandora avenue for luncheon, and soon after starting along Belleville street, he noticed a single horse wagon belonging to the firm starting toward the city with 2300 pounds of soap, driven by J. Clough, one of the firm's drivers. Mr. Pendray hailed Clough and boarded the wagon, sitting on the off side of the seat. When passing the residence of John Raymond, just beyond his parents' residence on Belleville street, a hooded automobile owned by Frank S. Barnard met the wagon. The horse shied, breaking one of the shafts as it reared, and swerved, starting to run away. Mr. Pendray jumped, while Clough shouted, seemingly protesting against him doing so. As Mr. Pendray jumped, the horse swerved, and he fell with his head beneath the wheels. The front wheel of the heavily-loaded wagon passed over his neck and the left side of his face, while the hind wheel passed over his chest, inflicting such injuries that death resulted. The driver clung to the runaway horse, and after Mr. Pendray fell he climbed out through the wagon at the back, running up and regaining the reins. He managed to stop the horse before it proceeded far. Meanwhile Mr. Pendray was carried to the residence of Mr. Raymond and Dr. E. C. Hart was summoned. An inquest will be held to-day at 2 p.m. by Dr. Hart, the coroner.

The late Mr. Pendray was a native of Victoria, and was 31 years of age. He was educated in the city and after leaving school entered his father's business, mastering the details of soap-making and all connected with the industry, of which he became manager. He was married four years ago to Miss Norris, daughter of Fred Norris, of this city, and Mrs. Pendray and two children survive him. He was greatly esteemed by all with whom he came into contact, and had a wide circle of friends, who were shocked to hear of the tragedy.

For a really smart up-to-date blouse go to the Beehive, Douglas street, where you will see the very latest in English blouses just to hand for Christmas trade. Those who come first of course get the best selection, so be in time.

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See Christie's Waterproof Boots

Special, 60 pairs Heavy Waterproof Boots, leather lined. \$4
60 pairs Men's Box Calf Bals. \$3

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Charming ideas, fit for any home and tremendous "snaps" which should interest people who desire to give something particularly good and useful for a Christmas gift.

Other beautiful Dome Electrolies reduced accordingly,
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Want greasy dishes, pots or pans with Lever's Dry Soap a powder. It will remove the grease with the greatest ease.

In Woman's Realm

HERE AND THERE

One is startled to see by the calendar that Christmas is only a month away. Yet this is the 25th of November, and those who are preparing Christmas gifts for dear ones in the old land are hurrying to complete their work. During the next week thousands of letters and parcels will be mailed in Victoria for different parts of Great Britain, for whatever mischievous persons may say, the ties that bind our Island to the Mother Land are wonderfully strong.

But it is not only to dear ones that gifts will be sent. The sympathy of the children of Victoria and of their elders has been stirred by the wants of the little ones in the great city of London. The Christmas cheer of the Sunday school children of Victoria will have a sweeter savor because they have helped to make brighter and happier the Christmas Day of poor crippled children in the far away city which is yet near to all our hearts. Hunger and cold and nakedness and deformity are not known to many children in Victoria except by reports. Thankfulness cannot be better shown than by sharing of their abundance to those who have need.

There are not only in the English papers, but in those of Eastern Canada, many allusions to the imprisonment of the British Suffragettes. In some quarters these women are looked upon as martyrs and the sufferings inflicted to which they are subjected are dwelt upon and no doubt magnified. To those who look upon the events which led to their imprisonment from this distance, it would seem that the disgrace and humiliation were rather in the acts which led to their imprisonment than in what has happened since.

While there have been many of the noblest of humankind who have suffered for conscience sake it can hardly be contended even by the most earnest advocate of the right of women to the franchise that Mrs. Pankhurst and her associates deserve to rank among them. The laws which they have been deliberately breaking have been made for the peace and order of the kingdom. It cannot be said that there was no other course open to them except to interrupt speeches, to organize processions and to attempt to invade the House of Commons. The press of the country was open to every woman who had an argument to advance. The fullest liberty was given them to address meetings and they could, whenever they wished, use their private influence with the men and women of their acquaintance. They chose to lay aside lawful weapons and to adopt those which not only were unlawful in the sense of violating the statutes of the country but which did violence to the far more sacred laws written in the very nature of women. It may be that the tactics adopted by the suffragettes have brought nearer the day when women will be allowed to vote. But who will say that they have rendered any woman more capable of exercising the franchise? They have shown that it is possible for English women to throw aside the self-control, the modesty and the gentleness which have made them admired and revered throughout the world. What service can the ablest of them give to the state that will compensate for such a loss? If the women everywhere who desire to take part in the counsels of the country were to devote their time to a study of the great questions which must be decided by the legislators of the future they would not be in haste. There are now in all countries far too many ignorant and prejudiced voters. Have the great majority of women the time, even if they have the ability, to gain the knowledge and to form the judgments needed to govern the world wisely? It is no answer to say that there are many women who are better fitted to exercise the franchise than some men. The duty of women in these days would seem to be to think seriously whether, without neglecting the duties of home, they can study and understand the great social and political questions of the day.

President Eliot of Harvard, who has recently resigned the presidency of that great school has many claims to the esteem and honor of his countrymen. But perhaps, none will bring him more lasting gratitude than the services he has rendered to the children. Collier's Weekly in an appreciative article on President Eliot and his career has the following paragraph on this subject:

"He has made popular the study and reform of elementary education. From him came the real power that took the burden of all the old education by rule and rote off the shoulders of children, who alone had sense enough to see its folly and yet were the very ones who lacked the ability to frame a protest. It was his idea that the common school education ought to be flexible enough to reach every child's personality and come to that child with common sense and with the expectation of creating a real efficiency. In 1890 the Committee of Ten with their sub-committees followed the impetus of this new idea into an actual revolutionary reform of public school education."

An accepted bank cheque, or guarantee bond, in the sum of fifteen thousand (\$15,000) dollars, as security for the faithful performance and completion of the work will be required. Tenders will not be accepted unless made out on the forms supplied, signed with the actual signature of the tenderer, accompanied by the above-mentioned cheque, and enclosed in the envelope furnished. The Chief Commissioner is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

F. C. GAMBLE,
Public Works Engineer,
Land and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., 17th November, 1908.

from consumption in our own city who have not the means or the opportunity of caring for themselves. Another purpose to which the Emergency Fund can be legitimately devoted is in furnishing means to assist patients, for whom there is hope of cure, to go to Tranquille. Many a man works on till hope is gone, rather than leave his wife and little ones to suffer while he gives up his work to go to a sanatorium. Natural as this feeling is, it is full of danger both to the husband himself and to his family. The same is true to some degree of any breadwinner and true, most of all, of the mother. It is the timely help and the care given to the sick in our midst no less than the cure of tuberculosis patients that is needed. Though we may be thankful that compared to older cities Victoria has a very small number of such patients we must not forget that the most generous support ought to be given to those who have engaged in the battle against tuberculosis. No consideration ought to prevent all good citizens from extending what aid they can afford to this work. The fair, which opens on Thursday evening and continues through the week will give every one an opportunity to contribute.

Where Poisons Hide.

Although arsenic is no longer found in wall papers, says T. C. Bridges in the Grand Magazine, the poisonous stuff is still used in making artificial flowers, children's toys, lamp shades and green candles for Christmas trees. Once a roomful of children were made dangerously ill by the arsenical fumes cast off by the green candles on a Christmas tree. There were also some red candles that disseminated mercurial fumes. Metal tableware frequently contains arsenic that dissolves in daily use. The poison is likely to be present in all sorts of cheap gloves, socks and dress goods. Glossy white leather sweatbands seen in top hats are loaded with lead or arsenic. One hatband was found to contain 37½ grains of lead.

A young Vienna woman bought a brilliantly green silk bodice. The color came out with perspiration, pimples appeared, and she died with symptoms of mineral poisoning. A London lad had three cases of poisoning from red socks in two days. A chemist employed by the Paris board of health reported that stockings dyed with anilines contained antimonioxide. When the skin perspires in hot weather, this matter enters the pores and causes a painful eruption. A strange case of aniline poisoning occurred in Paris. Two children were admitted to an hospital suffering from a mysterious poisoning, which was traced to the aniline oil contained in a yellow paste with which their tan shoes were polished. The oil had seeped through the leather and had been absorbed into the skin. Three years ago a similar case was reported from Toledo, Ohio. A young man named Rader died from the effects of shoe polish, according to the verdict of the coroner's inquest.

The burly prisoner stood unabashed before the judge. "Prisoner at the bar," asked the Clerk of the Arraignment, "do you wish to challenge any of the jury?"

The prisoner looked them over carefully. "Well," he replied, "I'm not exactly wot you'd call in training, but I wouldn't mind a round or two with that there fat old Josser in the corner."

But there was nothing doing.

The House of Quality

Engagement Rings

There are some things in life about which many persons are more or less indifferent—but in the matter of the engagement ring every one is agreed that it must be "just right." It occupies a unique position. From our stock there is no difficulty in selecting just such a ring—whether in Diamond, Pearl, Emerald, Ruby, Sapphire, Turquoise or Opal. You can hardly believe there is such a stock without seeing it. At from \$10.00 to \$75.00 each of the assortments is very complete.

Others up to \$450.00.

TRIED RECIPES

Ground Rice Pudding

Mix two ounces of ground rice smoothly with a quarter of a pint of cold milk, bring three-quarters of a pint to boiling point, and stir it into the rice. Put the mixture into an enameled saucepan, and stir over the fire till the rice thickens, let it cool a little, then add one ounce of butter, two ounces of sugar, one beaten egg, and the grated rind of half a lemon. Pour into a well buttered pie dish, sift a little ground cinnamon over, and bake for half an hour.

Mince Meat

Three pints chopped beef, five pints chopped apples, half pint chopped suet, four and a half pint sugar, one pint New Orleans molasses, one and a half pint elder vinegar, two pints currants, two pints water, one pint seeded raisins, one pint whole raisins, one heaping teaspoon salt, three heaping tablespoons of ground cinnamon, two heaping tablespoons ground allspice, one grated nutmeg. Mix well and boil until apples are cooked. Fill into wide jars or crocks and tie down.

Oatmeal Brown Bread

Mix a pint of rolled oats, a pint of

rolled wheat, half pint of granulated yellow corn meal, half a pint of whole wheat flour, and one teaspoonful of salt. Dissolve a teaspoonful of bicarbonate of soda in two tablespoonsfuls of warm water; add to half a pint of New Orleans molasses; stir and add this to a pint of thick sour milk. Mix with the dry ingredients. Steam for four hours.

Good Colonial Wives

The day of the colonial in London society has yet to come. In the meantime the American peers and their smart country women form the most conspicuous and highly-flavored foreign element in London circles. Not, however, without sufficient British criticism. While a writer signing himself "Colonial" recently took up the cudgels on behalf of "the family," who in his opinion were unworthily thrust into the background. "He disliked their (the Americans) conspicuousness," says Harper's Bazaar, "their passion for display, their delight in 'risky' plays which are brought over from Paris in defiance of the Lord Chamberlain, elaborate suppers, lavish decorations, and naked luxury generally; their restlessness and frivolity, and the fact that seventy of them have only one hundred and seven children. He thought their influence a bad one. They are irresponsible cosmopolitans. They do not come from the real American aristocracy of intellect and public service. Anglo-American marriages 'have no sound basis whatever.' They are an alliance between a title and dollars. 'Take away their millions from Americans and how much would one bear of them in the great world?' They might have made London society brighter, but they have also made it shallower, more extravagant, and more vulgar than it was before." All this the writer contrasted with the influence of the colonial wives of titled Englishmen, who are "wooded and won in their native land," who do not advertise themselves, who are born into great traditions and a sober social ideal, who never join the "smart set," who merge themselves with all that is best in English life, and 95 of whom have borne 266 children. "To put it shortly," he summed up, "colonial influence in England is masculine, vigorous and wholesome; American influence is feminine, frivolous and fleet-footed."

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But there was nothing doing.

You Can

Make Money

Take advantage of our discount sale.

PIANOS

worth \$300, \$350 and \$400 are being purchased for

\$150, \$200, \$225, \$250

They are going out daily. The piano of your choice may be here. Come as soon as you can before the best styles are gone. Have your Xmas piano set aside.

TERMS TO SUIT EVERY PURSE

M. W. WAITT & CO., Ltd.

HERBERT KENT, Mgr.

The Oldest, Largest and Best Music House in B. C.

1004 GOVERNMENT ST.

The Store of Plenty

Your Cheese Needs Satisfied Here

CAMEMBERT CHEESE, each.....	.35c
NEUFCHATEL CHEESE, each.....	.10c
GERMAN BREAKFAST CHEESE, each.....	.10c
SWISS CHEESE, per lb.....	.50c
CANADA CREAM CHEESE, each.....	.10c
FULL CREAM CHEESE, per lb.....	.25c
CANADIAN CHEESE, per lb.....	.20c
STILTON CHEESE, per lb.....	.25c
ENGLISH CHEDDAR CHEESE, per lb.....	.35c
EDAM CHEESE, each.....	.90c
MACLAREN'S IMPERIAL CHEESE, per jar.....	.50c and .25c
LIMBERGER CHEESE, each.....	.50c
GRATED PARMESAN CHEESE, per bottle.....	.35c
LOCAL CREAM CHEESE, each.....	.10c

The West End Grocery Company, Ltd.

1002 Government St. Phones 88 and 1761.

See Saunders for Best Butter Bargains

GOOD DAIRY BUTTER, per lb.....	.25c
MANITOBA CREAMERY, fine Primrose brand, per lb.....	.30c
ALBERTA CREAMERY, per lb.....	.35c
SALT SPRING CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb.....	.40c
COMOX CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb.....	.40c
COWICHAN CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb.....	.45c
VICTORIA CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb.....	.45c
EXTRA CHOICE CREAMERY BUTTER, per 14-lb. box.....	.45c

The Saunders Grocery Co., Ltd.

On the Waterfront

ADMINISTRATION OF LARGE PORTS

How World's Greatest Harbors
Are Administered—Diver-
gence in Systems.

TRUSTEES RULE AT MANY

State Control and Continental
Ports—Municipal and Pri-
vate in England

An absolute essential of success in a modern port is good port administration, and one of the first things to be considered when the citizens of Victoria reach the conclusion that the time has come to consider the necessary improvement of the port of Victoria to cope with the requirements of the trade promised by the future developments of the North Pacific coast and in the Pacific Ocean generally, is the system of port administration. Montreal's success is in a great measure due to the capable board of harbor commissioners in charge of the administration of the port. The authority to improve and to administer the port of Montreal is vested in this board of commissioners. In the ports of the world are found a great variety of administrative methods, the chief being, as follows: (1) Where the chief authority is vested in the State, as at Hamburg and Devonport; (2) in the municipality, subject to State control, as at Antwerp and Bristol; (3) in private or public companies, as at London and Manchester (4) in a railway company, as at Southampton and Cardiff, (5) in a public trust, as at Liverpool and Glasgow.

While State control in Germany has been a success where the railway and waterway are alike under the control of the State, mixed control where the State, private corporation, and railroads have been concerned in the administration of the port has been a failure, as demonstrated by the loss of business and prestige in Marseilles, whereas dual management by municipality and State has produced a great port at Antwerp. London is an example of private individual effort and a multiplicity of port authority, the river being under one authority, the pilotage arrangements under another, and the docks and quays under the control of the different individuals directly interested in them. Liverpool, where the organization is in the hands of men who though directly interested in some particular business connected with the port, make their share in its management the pride of a life career, where the expenditure of large sums of money has been carried out with a view to harmonious development as a whole, is another marked type of successful enterprise.

The Liverpool Methods.

At Liverpool the board of harbor commissioners consists of 28 members, of whom 24 are elected by the dock ratepayers. The management of the docks on both sides of the Mersey at Liverpool and at Birkenhead passed into the hands of the board by virtue of the Mersey Docks and Harbor Act in 1857. To qualify for election to the board the member must reside in the borough of Liverpool or within ten miles of the outer boundary of the port, and must have paid during the year prior to his election not less than \$125 in dues either on ships or goods landed at the port. Four members are appointed by the Mersey Conservancy commissioners. Each member of the board sits for four years and receives no remuneration whatever, the position being regarded as a high honor. To qualify as an elector it is necessary to pay a minimum amount of \$50 yearly in dues. Each year six elected and one appointed member retire and are replaced by newly nominated men. The board has ten committees which sit to carry out the routine work. It leases pilots, regulates charges, looks after the lighting and buoying of the river, and has 167 acres within its jurisdiction. Recently some valuable lands were acquired admirably situated for port expansion.

At London the authority is divided among the Thames Conservancy, Trinity House, the Watermen's Company and the Corporation of London. The authority of the Thames Conservancy which begins 161 miles below London bridge and extends the same distance within its jurisdiction, river and channel maintenance, regulation of navigation, supervision of all explosives and petroleum, maintenance of all public moorings which are free to ships, marking, watching, and removal of wrecks and obstructions, dredging and improving, etc. The Trinity House, lights and buoys the river, licenses and regulates pilots, exacting a contribution of 2½ per cent. from the earnings of the pilots for a pilot fund. Masters and mates of vessels are also examined by the Trinity House. The Watermen's Company which licenses the lightermen who navigate the river was originated in the 16th century and has held for four generations a monopoly in this regard. The corporation attends to the sanitation, police and fire authorities.

Glasgow's Method.

Glasgow is administered by 42 trustees. Up to the year 1825 the magistrates and town council were the river and harbor authorities. Since then gradual additions have been made until the number of the trustees has reached 42. They are composed of representatives of the city and municipalities adjoining the port, the Chamber of Commerce, of the trade and shipping. This authority has complete jurisdiction over the port and its business. The trustees have borrowing power, by act of parliament as well as authority for the levying of dues on vessels and goods, to pay for the cost and maintenance of the works, equipments, improvements and supervision. Pilotage is compulsory between the Taff of the Bank and Glasgow 22 miles away. There are 26 Glasgow pilots of the outward trip and 20 Greenock pilots for the inward trip.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE

Special to the Colonist

Tatoosh, 8 a.m.—Part cloudy, wind east, 2 miles an hour. Inward, a four-masted schooner at 6:20 a.m.; a three-masted schooner during the night. Out, steamer Catania at 11:30 p.m. last night; barkentine Mary Winklemann at 7:30 a.m.; four-masted schooner at 7:40 a.m.

Tatoosh, noon—Partly cloudy, wind south, 12 miles an hour. Out, steamer Thor,

By Wireless

Tatoosh, 8 a.m.—Part cloudy, wind east, 2 miles an hour. Bar, 30.01, temp. 42. Passed in, four-masted schooner at 6:20 p.m.; a two-masted steamer at 6:20, and a three-masted schooner during the night. Passed out, steamer Catania at 11:30 p.m.; barkentine Mary Winklemann, towing, at 7:30, and a four-masted schooner towing at 7:40.

Estevan, 8 a.m.—Rain, calm. Bar, 29.99, temp. 41. Sea moderate.

Pachena, 8 a.m.—Clear, light northeast wind. Bar, 29.85, temp. 37.

Cape Lazo, 8 a.m.—Clear and calm. Bar, 29.85, temp. 36. Sea smooth.

Point Grey, 8 a.m.—Partly cloudy, light southeast breeze. Bar, 29.97, temp. 34.

Cape Lazo, noon—Clear, light southeast breeze. Bar, 29.88, temp. 50. Sea moderate.

Point Grey, noon—Clear, a light southeast breeze. Bar, 30.04, temp. 46.

Tatoosh, noon—Partly cloudy, wind south, 12 miles an hour. Bar, 30, temp. 48. Passed out, fishing schooner at 7:45 a.m.; steamer Thor and fishing schooner Edith at 9:20 a.m.; schooner Louise at 11:15.

Estevan, noon—Rain, wind is southeast. Bar, 29.99, temp. 44. Sea moderate.

Pachena, noon—Clear, light southeast wind. Bar, 29.85, temp. 44. Sea moderate.

Tatoosh, 6 p.m.—Light rain, wind east, 10 miles an hour. Bar, 29.96, temp. 45. In, fishing schooner Edith at 3:25 p.m.

Estevan, 6 p.m.—Cloudy and calm. Bar, 30.02, temp. 43. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Pachena, 6 p.m.—Cloudy and calm. Bar, 29.85, temp. 40. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Cape Lazo, 6 p.m.—Clear, a light southeast wind. Bar, 29.92, temp. 43. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Point Grey, 6 p.m.—Cloudy and calm. Bar, 29.85, temp. 40. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Manchester which is reached by the Manchester Ship canal is administered by 21 directors of whom 11 are appointed by the corporation of Manchester, and the chairman is elected by the shareholders appointed by the directors elected by the shareholders.

The chairman who devotes all his time to the affairs of the port receives \$15,000 a year and \$10,000 is divided among the 20 other directors.

At Bristol the authority is vested in the corporation of the city, and the docks are managed by the corporation under a committee of 19 members elected annually. At Cardiff the dock development has been the result of the investment of private money and the entire docks at Cardiffs are under the control and management of the Bute Docks company, being the property of the Bute Docks company, in which the Marquis of Bute holds the controlling interest, since 1879. Pilothage, which is not compulsory, is under the charge of a separate board, with representatives appointed by the railroad company, shipowners, and two other railroads.

The Hamburg System.

At Hamburg the port administration is by the Central Government of the State of Hamburg, consisting of a Senate and a Lower House. The Senate, consisting of eighteen members, heads of the different departments that have charge of the port being known as the "Deputation for Trade, Navigation and Commerce," and it consists of 16 members. The Senior senator presides over the deputation which reports to the Senate and necessary to the Lower House. Four experts officials are furnished. The Lower House votes all money, and the Hamburg port authority appoints all harbor masters and officials.

At Antwerp the governing body of the port is the "Consel Communal D'Anvers," consisting of 33 elected members, and the Burgomaster, appointed by the Throne. A college composed of the Burgomaster and five aldermen are examining and advising commission, an alderman called "L'Echevin des Commerce" has charge of the administration of the port, and marine police and another called "L'Echevin des Travaux Publics" has charge of works, construction, etc. A permanent consulting commission, composed of five officials presided over by the Alderman of Commerce, meets once a month to consider and report on public matters. The city owns the basins and port equipment, and the Government owns the quays on the river and three small basins which have been equipped by the city. In the river Scheldt, the improvements and care of navigation are under the care of the Government of Belgium and Holland, no charge or tonnage dues being levied for the dredging required. Pilothage charges are fixed by treaty between the two Governments.

At Havre the Chamber of Commerce has the authority subject to revision by the State, through the Minister of Public Works, and some private dock and warehousing companies have vested interests. At Marseilles the city appears to have taken little share in the port development. The company of docks and entrepôts has a concession covering a large proportion of the harbor, and the complete drydock and shipbuilding establishments. Up to 1904 their share in the port expenditure amounted to 25 per cent. of the total. The expenditure made directly by the government amounted to 65 per cent., and the balance, about 10 per cent., was expended by the Chamber of Commerce of Havre, mostly for equipments and sheds.

The Norwegian steamer Thor passed out yesterday from Nanaimo for San Francisco with coal.

POOR OUTLOOK FOR GRAIN TONNAGE

Rates Are Very Weak for Grain Carriers—Chartering Inactive During Week

There is not much further movement in the charter market since the announcements were made last week.

There is at present little demand for grain tonnage on this coast. During the past week chartering has quieted down and unless speedily fixed several ships are likely to leave the coast in ballast. The latest fixtures for grain show weak rates. It is understood that no more than 22 shillings is being offered sailing ships, while the most recent fixtures of steamers were at 23 shillings 9 pence, and 24 shillings. These are low figures.

Owners of union sailing ships have either determined to lay their vessels up for the present, having given up the hope of obtaining the combination rate of 27 shillings 6 pence for grain, or they are seeking lumber. While offshore lumber rates are reported weak, some business has been done, although not a little of this tonnage was fixed some time ago.

From Puget Sound to a direct United Kingdom, lumber charterers have been made at 50 shillings, a low figure. There has been no little business to South Africa, but rates are quoted at from 46s 3d to 47s 6d. Puget Sound to Sydney has been done at 27s 6d and Melbourne or Adelaide at 30s and 31s 3d. Coalwise freight rates are quoted at 25s 6d to 26s 6d.

The British steamer Lord Sefton of the Australia Mail line, which struck a submerged rock when leaving San Francisco, and lost one of the blades of her propeller, passed up to Comox yesterday to load bunker coal for her voyage to the Antipodes from Puget Sound ports. After filling her bunkers the steamer Hornelen passed out yesterday for the west coast of South America.

The steamer Uganda and Admiral Borrensen which have arrived at Portland to load after bunkering at Nootka, report having encountered very heavy weather after rounding Cape Flattery. The Uganda lay off the Columbia river bar for two days waiting to enter. A sea which broke over the poop deck of the Admiral Borrensen caused considerable damage to the Norwegian freighter's deck and gear.

The Norwegian steamer Eir which has been moved into Esquimalt harbor to be tied up after completing a time charter carrying coal to Mexico, paid off eighteen of her crew yesterday.

The only spot fixture for grain last week was the French bark Emma Laurans, chartered for wheat from Tacoma when about to leave for Australia in ballast. The San Francisco Commercial News, in its weekly review, says: "There is still a plentiful supply of tonnage on hand at Pacific coast ports and grain chartering has quieted down again during the past week. Offshore lumber chartering is also very quiet, with rates weak. Puget Sound to direct port U. K. has been repeated at 50s. No further business to South Africa is reported, but the rates are quoted at about 46s 3d to 47s 6d. Puget Sound to Sydney has been done at 27s 6d, Melbourne or Adelaide at 30s, or both ports 31s 3d. Coastwise freights have been more active, \$35.00 Puget Sound or Grays Harbor to San Francisco being quoted as a steady figure and \$1 to \$4.25 south. Wheat coastwise has been done on the basis of \$2 a steady figure.

Offshore rates are quoted approximately as follows: Lumber from Puget Sound or British Columbia to Sydney, 7s 6d/28s 9d; to Melbourne or Adelaide, 30s; Port Pirie, 30s/32s 6d; to Fremantle, 37s 6d; to Japan ports, 30s; Callao, 37s 6d/40s; direct nitrate ports, 37s 6d/40s; Valparaíso for orders, 38s 9d/40s; 2s 6d less to a direct port; to South African ports, 47s 6d; to U. K. or Continent, 50s; Guaymas, \$5.75; Santa Rosalia, \$6.50.

Liverpool mail advices give the following figures: Newcastle, N. S. W. to Honolulu, 11s 6d; Antwerp to San Francisco, 20s; steaming to Portland, 15s; nitrate freight steady at 15s 6d to 16s.

The Chilean bark Ivanhoe, arriving at Royal Roads on Sunday from Valparaiso, is under charter to load lumber for Bowring & Co. The British ship Boadicea, which left San Francisco in ballast for Puget Sound yesterday, is under charter to the same firm to load lumber for a direct United Kingdom port at 50 shillings. Norwegian ship Hovding, which arrived at Everett yesterday, will get the same rate for carrying a lumber cargo to Delagoa bay. The British steamer Vienna, now on the British Columbia side, will get 31 shillings 3 pence for carrying lumber from Vancouver to Melville.

Two recent arrivals at San Francisco are fixed for grain, having been chartered prior to arrival. The French bark Marchal de Turenne will get 23s 9d for barley to the United Kingdom or Continent, and the French bark Due d'Annamale is fixed at 24 shillings for barley.

VETERAN PILOT BECOMES AN ARTIST

Capt. John Thompson Shows Latest Works of His Brush at Standard Stationery Company

In the windows of the Standard Stationery company on Government street are two oil-paintings of marine subjects which are the work of a sailor-artist, Capt. John Thompson, the R. M. S. Empress of India passing the wreck of the old steamer Beaver in the narrows at Vancouver, the new and the old, and the other is of an Empress liner berthed at the wharf of the quarantine station with her yellow flag flying denoting that the doctor's inspection is on. The view is from a point at Metchosin, and the artist has in each case faithfully interpreted his subject and dealt with it in a clever manner.

Capt. Thompson has been a pilot for thirty years at this port. He was born at Liverpool so many years ago that he cannot remember, and began his seafaring life on a brig which ran to the Baltic from Liverpool. He drifted to New York in deep water vessels and being levied for the dredging required. Pilothage charges are fixed by treaty between the two Governments.

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The Norwegian steamer Thor passed out yesterday from Nanaimo for San Francisco with coal.

UNSAIGHTLY WARTS REMOVED.

The operation is simple and painless.

Just apply Putnam's Wart and Corn Extractor. For fifty years it has been curing warts and will cure yours too; try Putnam's.

The Norwegian steamer Thor passed out yesterday from Nanaimo for San Francisco with coal.

he went to the China coast, then the Mecca of the adventurous. After engaging in the China coast trade for some years he went to San Francisco and spent two years on the steamer Panama. He left the Panama in 1878 to come to Victoria and took out a pilot's license for this port after having charge for six months of the pilot boat Carolina. He has followed the business of a pilot in the Victoria authority since.

Recently the captain took up oil painting and a large number of his works have been on exhibition. The pictures on show at the Standard Stationery company are his latest work.

VENTURE RETURNS WITH A BROKEN PROPELLER

Will Have New Screw Fitted and Will Leave Tomorrow Night for the North

Send this advertisement, together with name of place in which it appears, your address, and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World" :::

Scott's Emulsion

clothes the nerves and muscles with warm fat, fills the veins with rich blood.

It makes children rugged and hardy and fearless of the cold. It fills the whole body with warmth and life and energy.

Thin people sometimes gain a pound a day while taking it.

Send this advertisement, together with name of place in which it appears, your address, and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World" :::

SCOTT & BOWNE

126 Wellington Street W., TORONTO, ONT.

JAPANESE STEAMER GETS SMALL CARGO

Shinano Maru Feels Effect of Advance in Rates—Tango Maru Expecting in Tomorrow

The steamer Shinano Maru of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha left the owner with yesterday afternoon for the Orient with a light cargo, freight having fallen off since the recent advance in rates. The biggest shipments were of cotton and machinery. There were a few saloon and steerage passengers. The steamer Tango Maru of the Japanese line, in bound from Yokohama, is expected to be reported today by the wireless stations on the west coast of Vancouver island and will probably arrive tomorrow. The chartered steamer Glenfar, of the C.P.R., is also expected to reach port today or tomorrow from Yokohama, and the R.M.S. Empress of Japan is expected at the week end.

Congressman W. E. Humphrey before leaving Seattle for Washington said: "What I regard as the most important measure before the house will be the additional dry dock at Bremerton, and I shall work steadily for an appropriation of sufficient size to do this work properly. If we get three dry docks at Bremerton we can get

LUMBER TARIFF

Effective November 24th, 1908. Subject to change without notice. The lumber tariff for deliveries at my mill and yards, Victoria, B.C., will be based on a price of

\$8.00 per Thousand Feet of Rough Lumber

Other Grades in Proportion

VICTORIA, B. C.
23rd Nov., 1908.

J. A. Sayward



SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Attorney General Bowser has returned to Vancouver.

Dr. Munro went over to Vancouver this morning on the Charmer.

C. M. Marpole left this morning on the Charmer for Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Watson, of Lady-smith, are staying at the Empress.

W. Pollard Grant, of Vancouver, barrister, is in town.

R. Fowler left yesterday for Vancouver on business.

Mrs. Jack Roe, of Cumberland, called at the Tourist association rooms.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Matthews, of Montreal, are staying at the Empress.

Mr. M. D. Buchanan, of Toronto, is staying at the Empress.

Mr. Joseph Stauffert, of Galt, Ont., registered last evening at the Empress.

Mr. J. R. Morrison, of Bella Coola, is stopping at the Balmoral.

Mrs. Harry Briggs leaves for Duncan this evening.

R. Smith, of Vancouver, is spending a few days in the city.

Mrs. George Hicks and family have returned to the city after spending several months in the Old Country.

Mrs. W. Roskell and son are back, after making a trip to England. They have been away several months.

Mrs. J. R. Nichols left yesterday via the North Coast Limited for Boston, Mass.

J. H. Lawson left this morning via the Charmer on a business trip to Vancouver.

Mrs. George Steely, left for Tacoma yesterday to spend the American Thanksgiving with relatives.

Frank W. Stevenson returned yesterday by the steamer Princess Victoria from a trip to Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Raymond, of Crofton, are visiting Victoria. They are staying at the Empress.

Mrs. J. W. Orr, of Nelson, arrived in town last evening and is staying at the King Edward.

Judge Clement came over last evening from Vancouver and is staying at the Empress.

Dr. J. Carson, of Lauder, Man., accompanied by Miss Carson, is spending the winter months in Victoria.

Miss K. Lettice, of this city, who has been making an extended tour of Great Britain, is expected back on Thursday.

Mrs. Brae returned from Vancouver yesterday, where she has been visiting friends.

Miss Roberts, of Sidney, was in town

yesterday. She left for home by the V. & S. afternoon train.

Miss Annie Teuss returned to her home in Ladysmith on Saturday, after an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. M. Fagan, of Victoria West.

J. G. Goodfellow, superintendent of the E. & N. railway company, is in Vancouver. He is expected back by this evening's boat.

Mr. and Mrs. W. McIlroy, of Winnipeg, who have been spending the past month in Portland, spent yesterday in the city en route to the east.

The many friends of Miss Anna Gillis will be pleased to hear that she is rapidly recovering from her recent illness.

Mr. Alex. Blair, of London, Eng., arrived in town last evening from Vancouver and is stopping at the Empress.

Thomas Burke and John Eaton left yesterday via the Northern Pacific and the White Star liner Majestic on a trip to England.

Mr. and Mrs. Gowen McGowan, of New Westminster, are paying a short visit to Victoria. They are staying at the Empress.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Cavanaugh have come over from Tacoma for a few days. They are guests at the Empress.

Miss Louise Sylvester has returned from a delightful three months tour of eastern cities and visit to her sister Mrs. L. Campbell, of Cobalt, Ont.

Mr. George Cowan, M.P., for Vancouver, who has been in the city for a few days, returned to his home last night.

Miss Johns, of Saanich, after spending a few days here, was among yesterday's outgoing passengers by the Victoria and Sidney railway.

T. Pitts, wife and children, of Duncan, came down on the noon train yesterday and are among the guests at the King Edward hotel.

R. G. Dundas, of Shawnigan lake, is visiting the city for a few days, having arrived yesterday by the noon train. He is staying at the King Edward hotel.

W. R. Robertson, Indian agent at Duncan, was in the city yesterday on business. He was a guest at the King Edward. Mr. Robertson returned this morning.

Mr. Alexander Naphteria, who is travelling in Canada, spent yesterday in Victoria. He intends returning to his home in Southern Italy in a short time.

Mrs. E. P. Rathwell and daughter, who have been visiting with relatives here, left this morning via the C.P.R. on their return to their home in Moose Jaw.

J. W. B. Burton and Lionel Hobson leave today via the C. P. R. for New York whence they will sail on the White Star liner Adriatic on Dec. 2, on a trip to the old country.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Odgers leave tomor-

row morning on an extended trip to the old country. They will travel via the C. P. R. and take the White Star liner Adriatic.

Mr. and Mrs. Gideon Hicks, Mrs. Harry Briggs and Mr. Mason, are going up to Duncan to sing at the concert this evening. Miss Milne will be accompanist.

Joseph Boscowitz left yesterday afternoon via the North Coast Limited for New York whence he will sail on the White Star liner Adriatic on a three months' trip to the old country.

John A. Virtue, proprietor of the Oak Bay hotel will leave tomorrow via the North Coast Limited for Halifax whence he will sail on the C.P.R. liner Empress of Ireland on an extended visit to England and Ireland.

Dr. B. C. Richards has returned from

Spokane, where he has been attending the Washington State Board examinations for dental surgeons. Dr. Richards is one of twenty-five successful candidates, out of forty-six who took the examinations.

R. Dunn, a prominent member of the Victoria rugby club, and uncle, left on a hunting trip to the Cowichan lake district yesterday. They expected to be away several weeks. On their return it is Mr. Dunn's intention to leave on a trip to the Old Country.

Chairman Parent Threatens.

Ottawa, Nov. 24.—Chairman Parent, of the transcontinental railway commission, said today that if any reputable journal either at home or abroad makes any charge against the honesty of the commission it will be given every opportunity to prove the charge to the courts. He says the commission is doing its best to build the railway honestly, and as economically as pos-

sible, and does not propose quietly to submit to calumny and unwarranted criticism. The commission has already taken steps to vindicate its honor against the attacks in the London Times on the eve of the recent election, and has instructed Charles Russell, the Canadian legal adviser in London, to demand a retraction and apology from the Times.

Hobson Dictator

Akron, Ohio, Nov. 23.—Congressman Richmond P. Hobson, who was here today, has sent a letter to President Roosevelt demanding that he rescind his order recalling the United States fleet from the Pacific. In his letter he scores President Roosevelt for his interference in the Japanese troubles in California. Conditions that have no counterpart in the Atlantic exist, Hobson says, and it will be a national and international calamity to withdraw the fleet.

All The Wheat
That's Good To Eat

is in the flour that makes Mooney's Biscuits. Pure rich milk and country butter add to their food value, just as it makes them more delicious and appetizing.

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

are perfection because everything about them—the bakery, the ingredients and the packages—are absolutely faultless.

The air-tight, moisture-proof boxes bring Mooney's to your table just as they come from the ovens—crisp, inviting, tasty.

Your grocer should have MOONEY'S.

THE MOONEY BISCUIT & CANDY CO. LIMITED
STRATFORD, HAMILTON, OTTAWA, SYDNEY, WINNIPEG,
CALGARY, VANCOUVER.



TAKE OUR WORD FOR IT!

These Prices Are Right and so Are the Quality of the Goods Sold at THE ANTI-COMBINE GROCERY

WE STAND AT THE BACK OF EVERYTHING WE HAVE IN OUR STORE—Your Orders Are Appreciated

CURRENTS—Cleaned, 3 lbs. for **25c**

SULTANA RAISINS—New, per lb. **10c**

SEEDED RAISINS—New, Victoria Cross Brand, 16 oz. pkt. **10c**

MIXED PEEL—English, per lb. **15c**

SHELLED ALMONDS—Per lb. **40c**

MIXED NUTS—New, per lb. **20c**

FIGS—New, table, 1 lb. box **\$1.00**

FIGS—Cooking, new, 4 lbs. **25c**

TABLE RAISINS—California, per lb. **15c**

or 5 lb. box **75c**

We give good value for your money all the time.

ALMOND PASTE—Heides, per lb. **60c**

MINCEMEAT—Wethey's, per pkt. **10c**

PLUM PUDDINGS—Cross & Blackwell's, each, 35c and **65c**

CALGARY FLOUR—Per sack **\$1.75**

ROLLED OATS—Brackman & Ker, 7 lb. paper bag **35c**

DATES—New, per lb. **10c**

Xmas Crackers and Candies in Fancy Boxes now in.

CRYSTALIZED CHERRIES—Per lb. **60c**

ALMOND PASTE—Per lb. **60c**

PINEAPPLE—1½ lb. tins, 2 tins for **25c**

CHEESE—Choice Ontario, per lb. **20c**

CREAM CHEESE—Canadian, each **10c**

McLAREN'S CHEESE—Per jar, 25c and **50c**

HAM—Nice, mild cured, per lb. **20c**

SHOULDER HAM—Per lb. **12½c**

BREAKFAST BACON—Small sides, per lb. **22c**

Why not start now and patronize the Anti-Combine Store.

MAPLE SYRUP—Pride of Canada, best put up, quart bottle **50c**

MOLASSES—New Orleans, 2 lb. tin **15c**

GOLDEN SYRUP—Lyle's, 2 lb. tin **20c**

4 lb. tin **35c**

LUMP SUGAR—2 lb. pkt. **20c**

CASTILE SOAP—Pure, large bar **30c**

JELLO—3 pkts. for **25c**

JELLY POWDER—Trophy, 4 pkts. for **25c**

per dozen **70c**

PEAS, BEANS OR CORN—Tartan Brand, per tin **10c**

TOMATOES—Tartan Brand, large tins, 2 for **25c**

Just compare the contents of a Tartan can with a can of the cheap stuff that is being sold and you will be confronted with indisputable evidence of Tartan's superiority.

FLUID BEEF—Johnson's 16 oz. bottle **90c**

PEARS—Vicar of Wakefield, per box **\$1.00**

HONEY—Pure Ontario, 5 lb. tin **\$1.00**

COCOA—Van Houten's, ¼ lb. tin **25c**

½ lb. tin **50c**

1 lb. tin **90c**

AMMONIA—Sutton's Cream for the bath, per bottle **25c**

VINEGAR—English Malt, per quart bottle **15c**

MALTA VITA—Per pkt. **10c**

SAPOLIO—Per pkt. **10c**

DUTCH CLEANSER—Per tin **10c**

COCOA—Baker's, ½ lb. tin **30c**

COCOA—Suchard's, ¼ lb. tin **25c**

½ lb. tin **50c**

1 lb. tin .

VICTORIA REAL ESTATE

B.C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY

40 Government Street LIMITED

Victoria, B.C.

TERMS

One third cash balance in 6, 12 and 18 months at 7 per cent

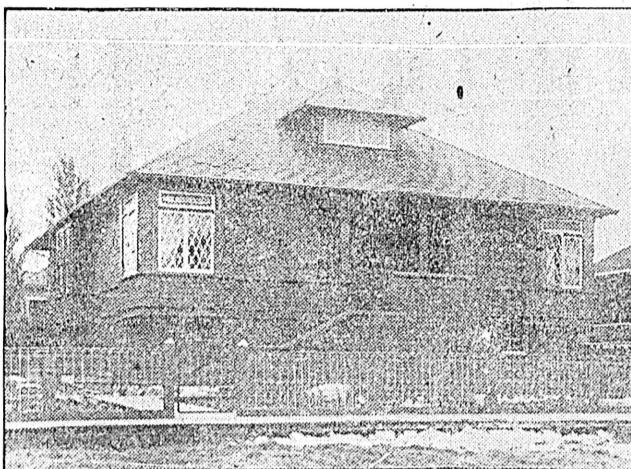
Five per cent off for cash

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN—PHOENIX OF LONDON.

YATES ESTATE GORGE AND BURNSIDE ROADS

We are placing this beautiful piece of suburban property on the market at greatly reduced prices, and can offer lots of large size at from \$100 per lot up. This subdivision is situate just outside the city limits, has four frontages, is nearly all cleared and a large proportion under cultivation. Two lines of car service are in close proximity, and the Gorge and new City Parks are only a step away. The majority of these lots are so situated as to command an excellent view of the surrounding country, the soil is good, being free from rock, and would prove excellent for fruit growing and gardening in general. Special inducements to those purchasing an acre or more. Maps may be had on application.

A COTTAGE—RARE VALUE



APPLY

We have been instructed by a reputable firm of builders to offer this new, modern, cosy, five-roomed cottage almost completed; situated off Blanchard St. It contains parlor, dining room, kitchen, bath and pantry, two bedrooms and attic unfinished. It is heated by grates in the parlor and dining room, and provision has also been made for the bedrooms. This house has concrete foundation; faces south, making the rooms bright and cheery. The lot is 50 ft. x 120 ft., leaving ample room for lawn and garden.

ONLY
\$3,300

Terms to suit purchaser.

P. R. BROWN, LIMITED

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents.

1130 BROAD ST.

SUBURBAN BUNGALOW

7-roomed Bungalow (all in one floor), attic upstairs. Electric light and everything modern; one acre of ground; close to car line; good basement; very pretty site; high up; view

\$4,750

ABOUT HALF CASH

ABOUT HALF CASH

Pemberton & Son - - - 625 Fort Street

VICTORIA, B.C.

SEAVIEW (WORK ESTATE)

Corner Summit Avenue, Arthur and Blackwood Streets.

for only **\$1,050** 110x160 ft.

A splendid building site, with fine oak trees and very little rock. Water main on Summit Avenue.

Established 1858 **A. W. BRIDGMAN**

Telephone 86
41 GOVERNMENT STREET

FOUR LOTS LEFT

Out of the Cambridge Street subdivision. These lots are on the slope south of May Street on the new car line. Close to Park, sea beach, and within 15 minutes' easy walk of the post office. This is becoming rapidly one of the best residential sections of Victoria. Get in on the ground floor. Price only \$600 per lot. Terms \$100 cash, and balance \$15 per month.

GRANT & LINEHAM

Telephone 664 634 VIEW STREET, P.O. Box 307
Money to Loan. Fire Insurance Written.

Do You Want a First Class Investment?

Full size lot on Richmond Avenue only

\$925

2.43 Acres Cadboro Bay Rd.
Frontage of 450 feet

\$4,500

Splendid property for Sub-Division

BOND & CLARK

614 Trounce Avenue, Victoria, B.C.

P.O. Box 335

FOR
SALE

New House on South Turner Street

Seven rooms and modern in every way. This house is a bargain at our price, being nicely situated near the Dallas Road and commanding a fine view of the sea.

GRAY, HAMILTON, DONALD & JOHNSTON, LIMITED, 63 YATES ST.

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VICTORIA

WINNIPEG

REGINA

TELEPHONE 663

VICTORIA REAL ESTATE

GORDON HEAD

Is the earliest fruit growing district in British Columbia and is only 4 miles from the boundary of the city of Victoria, on good roads. These properties are recommended by us as profitable investments.

10 acres with waterfrontage, cottage, barns, 400 large bearing fruit trees, 2 acres small fruits and vines, good water. Price \$7,000
28 acres best fruit land, extensive waterfrontage, 4 acres planted in fruit, mostly bearing; small buildings. An ideal location for a home. Price \$12,500

18 acres, all cultivated and tile drained and having nearly 1,500 feet frontage on Main Road. Price	\$7,200
7 acres, hay field slopes to S.W., 500 feet frontage on Tyndall Avenue. Price	\$2,800
14 acres, tile drained hay field, good well, few maple trees. Price	\$5,600
4 1-5 acres fine fruit land, some trees. Price	\$1,200

We issue Home List, a complete catalogue of all the best farms for sale on Vancouver Island.

ESTABLISHED 1890 R. S. DAY & B. BOGGS

620 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

TELEPHONE 30

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway FARM FOR SALE

One of the best Farms on Vancouver Island now on the market. The property contains two hundred acres of first-class land, one hundred of which are under cultivation, eighty-five acres slashed and seeded, affording good pasture for stock. Twelve acres of orchard in full bearing, two acres of small fruits, good frame house, four barns and other outbuildings.

The property has been personally inspected and is one of the best known Farms on Vancouver Island. It is fully stocked, and the inventory of farm implements includes all the necessary up-to-date farm machinery. The stock and implements will be sold at a valuation.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY

J. MUSGRAVE

Cor. of Broad and Trounce Ave. Money to Loan on Approved Security

Cheaper Than Rent

A MONEY MAKING SCHEME

We have sold two of the Houses on the ext.ordinary terms advertised in Monday and Tuesday's Colonist. You cannot borrow the money and buy the lots and build the Houses at the prices offered below—and look at the terms:

\$100 in cash and \$25 per month buys a neat, new modern five-room cottage, situate on Fort Street. Price \$2,000
\$100 in cash and \$25 per month buys a fine, new, well-built Bungalow, everything modern and first class; has to be inspected to be appreciated. Close to car. Price \$2,750
\$500 in cash and \$25 per month buys a magnificent new nine-room residence, up-to-date modern and central, large basement, piped for furnace; concrete walks and foundation; situate on fine lot with good fruit trees; close to High School, in Carberry Gardens; one of the most fashionable residential districts in the city. Price \$5,000
\$300 in cash and \$25 per month buys a fine, new seven-room House on McPherson avenue, Victoria West. It will suit you. Price \$1,200
Suburban Home! 17 1-2 acres, Burnside Road, overlooking water. The best value we know. Terms to suit. Price \$7,000

OUR COAL IS ALL COAL—VICTORIA FUEL CO'S

McPherson & Fullerton Bros.

618 TROUNCE AVE. TEL. 1377.

WHALING STOCK

Pays a Dividend of

25 PER CENT.

ON THE PREFERRED STOCK AND 18 PER CENT.
ON THE COMMON

We have for sale 40 shares Preferred at \$85 and 40 Common at \$60.

No better or safer investment. This block of stock should not last 3 days. Act quickly.

LATIMER & NEY

629 FORT STREET COR. BROAD

BIG DROP IN LUMBER

Buy a lot and build. We have the lot and even if you don't care to build the lots will be worth the price with good interest added at any old time. You can't duplicate them at the price. CORNWALL ST., near Richardson and Linden avenue, three lots, 135 feet frontage, level, grassy lots, very cheap, at for the three \$800 MONTROSE ST., Smith's Hill, near Hillside avenue, two lots, each 54x112, the two \$950 GRANZ ST., near Fernwood road, two lots, each 58x132, the two \$450 BANK ST., near Oak Bay avenue, lot 60x120 \$600 ONTARIO ST., fine cleared lot, 60x120 \$750 HILDA ST., near Cook, fine lot, cement sidewalk, 60x118 \$850 POWELL ST., James Bay, cheapest lot offered \$900 VANCOUVER STREET, fine lot, 60x120, cement sidewalk, boulevard \$900 SOUTH TURNER STREET, James Bay, choicest lot on street, 50x112 \$1,100 PRINCESS AVE., facing new city park, two lots on corner, the two \$1,150 BUSHBY ST., near new car line, three lots, all fenced, the three \$1,300 MICHIGAN ST., near Government, fine lot \$1,000 HEYWOOD AVE., facing park, lot 60x120 \$1,600 VICTORIA WEST, near Russel's Station, large lot \$550

T. P. McCONNELL

Corner Government and Fort St. (Upstairs).

Cor. Chatham and Chambers Streets, 1 lot, 47 x 100 \$550
Market Street, 1 lot, 60x130 \$500
Hulton Street, 1 lot, 53x113 \$500
Cor. Belmont Ave., 1 lot, 52x100 \$600
Pendegast Street, 1 lot, 60x120 \$650
North Park Street, 1 lot, 50x140 \$600
Cor. South Road and Spring Street, 1 lot, 56x102 \$600
Henry Street, 3 lots 60x120 each, each \$650
Phoenix Street, 3 lots, each \$600
Market Street, 2 lots, 1/2 acre each, each \$630

Catherine Street, corner Henry Street, 1 lot, 60x120 \$600
Head Street, 1 lot \$600
Pendegast Street, 1 lot 60x120 \$650
Rithet Ave., 4 lots, 60x120 \$550 to \$650
Superior Street, 1 lot 60x120 \$700
First Street, 2 lots, each \$700
Rock Bay, 1 lot 60x120 \$700
Gorge Frontage, 2 lots 60x120 \$750
Cor. Douglas and Princess Sts., 1 lot 60x120 \$700
Courtney Street, 1/2 lot 30x63 \$850

E. A. HARRIS & CO.

INSURANCE

615 FORT STREET

MONEY TO LOAN

TO LET, FURNISHED—7-roomed house on Catherine street. Per month \$40
TO LET, UNFURNISHED—4-roomed cottage, with 1/2 acres of land under cultivation; on Esquimalt Road. Per month \$20
FOR SALE—A bargain on Johnson Street, lot 50 by 120; between Douglas and Blanchard Streets: On easy terms. Price \$5,500
COTTAGE AND 2 LOTS, near the Willows. Price \$2,400
180 ACRES on Mayne Island, 30 acres cultivated; nice house, barns, etc. This is a most delightful place and a really good farm. Terms to suit. Price \$8,000
160 ACRES on Salt Spring Island, 15 acres partly cleared. Small orchard and log cabin. Third cash. Price \$1,200

HOWARD POTTS

731 Fort Street

Phone 1192

THE GRIFFITH COMPANY

Mahon Building

Room 11.

Homeseeker or Investor

\$700

\$2625

A pair of beautiful lots 109 x 112 feet, corner Blackwood and Montrose street. Fine view. Best buy in "Seaview." To see is to buy.

\$4000

That fine fruit ranch we told you about and a going concern is still open for you.

\$2600

New 6-room house, cement foundation and basement, large beautiful lot, good view and near Hillside avenue.

We have a house at the right price. We will trade for Canadian Northwest Oil at the right price.

"Queen Charlotte"

This new townsite, beautifully situated on Skidegate Inlet, Queen Charlotte Islands, will soon be the home of thousands. It has all the features essential to the upbuilding of a large city.

- (1) It has an unexcelled harbor.
 - (2) It has a level situation.
 - (3) It has plenty of good water and gravity power.
 - (4) It is backed up by a country almost unlimited in its resources.
- Lots now for sale at low prices. Full particulars on application. Ask us for a free copy of the "Queen Charlotte News."

Western Finance Co.

Phone 1062.

LIMITED.

1236 Gov't St. (Upstairs)

I Have for Sale a Good Paying Business

which will require a capital of \$5,500. This is well worth investigating. Two new houses just being completed, in first-class residential district. Each \$6,750

FOR PARTICULARS, APPLY

ARTHUR COLES

Real Estate, Fire, Life and Marine Insurance.

1205 Broad Street.

P.O. Box 167

IMPORTANT MEASURE NOW BEFORE COUNCIL

Will Regulate Subdivisional
Plans, Fencing of Property
and Other Matters

A new bylaw, approved by the legislative committee of the city council dealing with the matters of subdivisional plans, the mode in which the annual up-keep of boulevards is

to be levied, the regulations of private streets and lanes, and the necessity of securing legislation to compel the fencing of all unfenced lots within the fire limits on the principal streets, was submitted at last night's meeting of the city council, read a first time, and laid over until next Monday evening.

The following report relative to the measure was made by the legislative committee:

His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Victoria.

Gentlemen:—We your committee on legislation beg to report as follows:

We have given renewed consideration to the desirability of putting in the form of a bylaw the regulations

which have heretofore governed the dealing with subdivisional plans af-

feting the City streets, and we have approved the first eight paragraphs of the bylaw annexed as necessary regulations dealing with this subject. The regulations proposed also contain an administrative direction as to the mode in which annual up-keep for boulevards is to be levied.

We have approved a section regulating private streets and lanes which, under the recent alteration in the Statute, the Council may compel to be kept in a cleanly and fit state by the owners. Provisions is made for a penalty in case of infraction of the regulation, as well as enabling the City to do the work and charge the owners.

Unfenced Lands.

Your committee have also considered a regulation which they are now empowered by Statute to make, dealing with unfenced lots and lands, and whilst a general regulation ordering the fencing of unfenced lots throughout the City is a regulation your committee are not prepared to recommend. They do recommend that power should be sought from Parliament to enable the compulsory fencing within the fire limits of unfenced lots on the principal streets, which now, owing to want of attention and supervision on the part of owners, are frequently a disfigurement to the city. The Ontario Act contains the following provision for causing vacant lots to be properly enclosed:

"By the councils of cities, towns, and villages:—I. For the causing vacant lots to be properly enclosed."

Your committee have further given consideration to the framing of a regulation, for which statutory authority was obtained this year. This authority is contained in the following subsection of section 50 of the Municipal Clauses Act:

"II. (a) Notwithstanding anything contained in any special or private act, to regulate the placing of poles and wires; to regulate the placing of poles upon construction of permanent sidewalks or permanent work."

Must Move Poles.

Heretofore the companies using the city streets have been under no express statutory obligation to conform to the wish of the Municipality with regard to changing the position of their poles in the street, and the cost of removing poles has been heretofore very fairly placed upon the citizens. The companies having the privilege by Statute of using the streets do not contribute any rental for the privilege, and in fact cause not only inconvenience and annoyance, but considerable cost.

Your committee recommend the section which has been drawn, which places upon the companies the expense of removing where a street improvement of a permanent character renders the removal desirable.

Your committee have further considered the desirability of giving directions to the officers charged with the ascertainment of the cost of a local improvement as to be items of expenditure which may be included in cost, and your committee have approved a section giving these directions.

Your committee recommend that the foregoing matters be dealt with in one bylaw. A consolidation of the city bylaw will, in all probability, become necessary in the course of the next two years, and the sections of the bylaw which is recommended here-with, can be then disintegrated and placed in proper conjunction.

Must File Plans.

The bylaw referred to in the report is a lengthy affair, the principal

provisions of which are shortly as follows:

All plans of subdivisions of city lands which affect any existing highway of the city, or show any new street or lane, must be filed with the city engineer, the original plan to be submitted by that official to the streets committee for report, the names of the owners (if any) of lands in the subdivision, must be shown on the plan. Every plan showing new streets shall show them of a width of 66 feet (or half streets of a width of 33 feet) and if any street is in direct continuation of a street of a less width than 66 feet the streets committee shall pass upon it. The provisions of the Land Registry Act applicable to subdivisions in city municipalities shall be strictly complied with, subject to any modifications in the proposed new bylaw. Where the plan shows any job in the street it shall be accompanied by a written statement on behalf of the owner seeking to file it showing the inexpediency or impossibility of avoiding such job and where any street is shown on a plan to terminate against land in the ownership of the person seeking to file the same plan may be rejected. Private roads or lanes shall be indicated upon all such plans as such by a lot number and after the plan is filed the owner shall place a notice board at each end of such private roads or lanes in a conspicuous place with the inscription "Private Road."

In cases where demand is made by any owner of a descent on a street of the city, not heretofore taken by the corporation, for making of the road on my boulevards or sidewalk or any sewerage, drainage or water conveniences, the written consent of a majority, in number representing more than one-half the assessed value of the lands of the street, to the said works desired shall be filed with the city clerk and the council may then proceed with the work as a work of local improvement with or without contribution from the city and the provisions of the Local Improvement General Bylaw and amendments thereto shall be followed.

Boulevard Maintenance.

Whenever a boulevard is constructed as a work, or portion of a work, or local improvement, the cost of the annual maintenance shall be estimated and levied thereafter in the form of an annual frontage tax.

Provision is also made for the maintenance of private streets and lanes in a cleanly state and where, after notice from the city engineer to put such street or lane in a cleanly condition, the owner neglects to do so, the city may enter upon the street and do the work at the expense of the owner and in addition the owner may render himself liable, on conviction, to a penalty of not less than \$10 nor more than \$100.

With regard to the fencing of property the bylaw provides that the owner or agent before proceeding to fence his property must apply in writing to the city engineer for the proper street line, a fee not to exceed \$5 to accompany the application. But in cases where the fencing is to be done within the fire limits or where it is not necessary to go upon the land to fix the line, no fee will be charged. Any owner or agent commencing to construct any such fence before first securing the street line may be liable to a penalty on conviction, not exceeding \$200 and such fence shall, on order of the city engineer, be removed.

The Local Improvement General Bylaw, No. 343, as amended by bylaw No. 482, is further amended by adding a section providing that where neces-

sary to remove from their present situation poles, apparatus or fixtures of railway telephone, telegraph, or electric railway lighting or power authority or corporation, such proposed removal shall be specially reported on and when the report so made is adopted by the city it shall operate as an order to such concerns interested, requiring them forthwith to remove the poles.

The new measures will be further considered at next Monday night's meeting of the council.

**COLWOOD RANCHER IS
COMMITTED FOR TRIAL**

Alfred Taylor Must Face a Jury
on the Charge of Infanticide

Alfred Taylor, of Colwood, was yesterday committed for trial on the charge of having killed his infant child some ten years ago. The main features of the painful story were published in the Colonist less than two weeks ago when the matter was first ventilated in the police court. The greater part of yesterday was taken up with the examination and cross examination of Mrs. Taylor. She repeated the unpleasant history of her relations with her husband and of the alleged killing by him of their child, and was afterwards put through a thorough cross examination by Wm. C. Moresby.

The story is a revolting one and in many of its most important details quite unprintable. There was but little fresh evidence introduced, although a couple of Vancouver ladies were called. Provincial Constables Carter and Conway testified to arresting of the accused, and told how after they had arrested him and warned him that anything he said would be used against him, Taylor replied:

"Well, I suppose you are going to hang me now."

C. J. Prior appeared for the crown and Wm. C. Moresby and R. C. Lows for the defence.

Death of Gen. Wilkinson

Kenora, Ont., Nov. 24.—At 5:30 o'clock yesterday, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Henry Wilkinson, K. C. B., died at the age of 69. Gen. Wilkinson was 38 years in active service, including Martin, Afghanistan, the Canadian Northwest frontier and Egypt. Sir Henry has spent several years in farming and mining pursuits in the West. He has of late been general manager for the Black Eagle Mining company here.

Nine hunters have been killed in the Malne woods so far.

There are 52,500 Baptists in Ontario and Quebec.

LIQUOR LICENSE ACT, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that, thirty days after date, I intend to apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for license to sell intoxicating liquor on the premises to be known as the British Ensign Hotel, situated at Sooke Road.

(Signed) CHRIS. G. BEHNSEN.

Dated at Victoria, this 17th day of November, 1908.

**THE
Merchants'
Bank
OF CANADA**

Established 1861
Head Office, - Montreal
Paid-Up Capital and Reserve Fund
\$10,267,400
Victoria Branch:
R. F. Taylor, Manager

**STERLING EXCHANGE BOUGHT
AND SOLD AT FAVORABLE
RATES**

Transfers by Letter of Credit, Draft or Cable made to all foreign points. Interest allowed on Deposits and credited quarterly.

**SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS TO
RENT**

They afford a secure place for valuable papers.

C. C. Russell,

Millinery and Dry Goods Importer, Douglas St.

CHEAPEST MILLINERY SUPPLY HOUSE IN CANADA

Our November Sale

Of Ladies' Hats and Coats Is Now on

**Let Us Estimate on Your Wiring
Electrical Fixtures**

ETC., ETC.

Only first class material used. Workmanship guaranteed. Prices right.

HAWKINS & HAYWARD

PHONE 643.

Advertise in THE COLONIST Subscribe for THE COLONIST

A Tuxedo Coat—

Is quite a necessity these days, if you want to be smartly dressed.

For a stag party, a theatre party etc. where no ladies accompany you. For banquets and all functions attended by males only.

We are particularly proud of this garment. Nothing has been spared to make this coat a feature of our well assorted stock of men's clothes.

"Fashion-Craft"

F. A. Gowen, Amalgamated with T. B. Cuthbertson & Co.

SPECIAL PARCEL DELIVERY

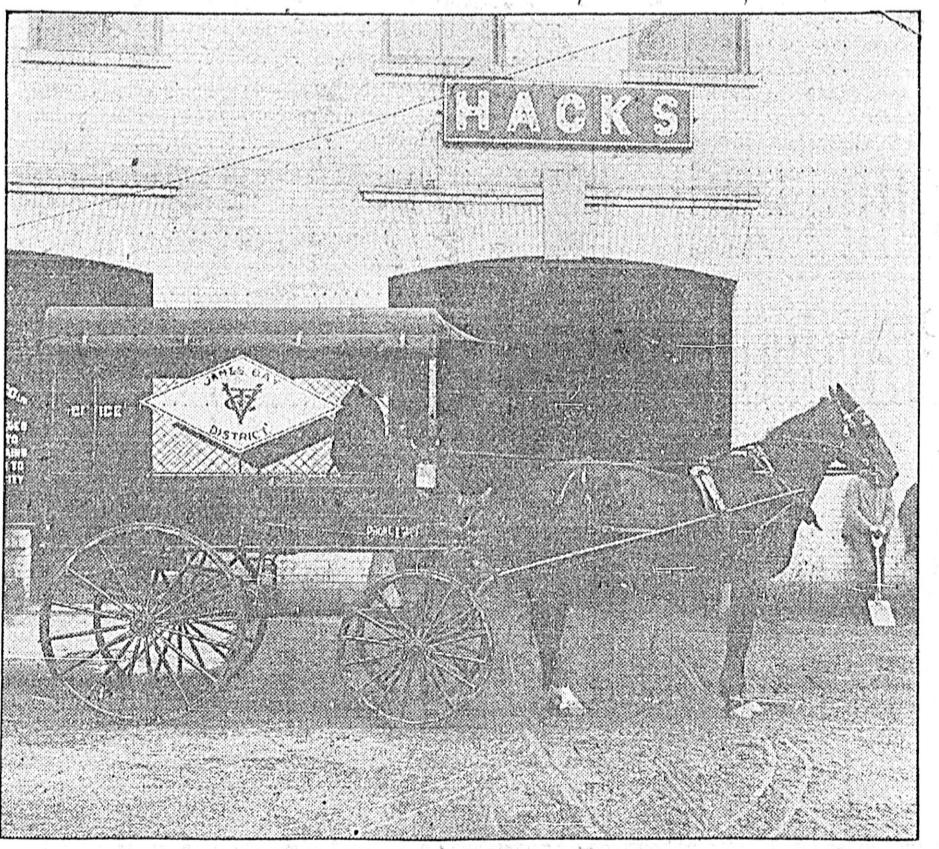
Merchants and others using the new parcel delivery, have been instant in their appreciation of its value. Have you tried it? If not, why not? It is speedy; it is reliable; it is cheap. Why not use it?

From the moment of its inception it has been crowned with success and already it is proving of great service to those of the public who have utilized it.

Books of ten cent tickets good for the delivery of parcels within the city limits; and of fifteen cent tickets good for the suburbs may be obtained from the offices of the transfer company. The four special delivery wagons start twice a day on the regular routes hereafter outlined, leaving the transfer stables, covering the centre of the city first, thence proceeding to the suburbs. Merchants by placing the card with the monogram upon it, provided, in their windows may have the wagons call at their places of business. Others desirous of utilizing the service need only phone to the offices of the company when the wagons upon their next trip will call.

We have, for the convenience of our patrons, divided the city into four districts, numbered 1, 2, 3 and 4, and have numbered and lettered the wagons accordingly.

NO. 1 DISTRICT includes James Bay, and Beacon Hill.



NO. 2 DISTRICT comprises Foul, Ross and Oak Bay and Fort Street.

NO. 3 DISTRICT is made up of Rock Bay, Victoria West, Esquimalt and the Gorge.

NO. 4 DISTRICT extends over North Ward, Douglas Street and Jubilee Hospital districts.

We hope in this way to cover the ground thoroughly and by faithful and prompt attention to all orders entrusted to our care to merit wide and deserved patronage.

For instance, a patron living in No. 1 district may desire to send a parcel to some friend living in No. 4. By calling up phone 129, wagon No. 1 would call on patron on its return trip, pick up the parcel, transfer it to No. 4 wagon at our office and on the next outward trip convey it to its destination. Our patrons would thus be saved a great deal of trouble and unpleasantness for a nominal figure, and our business would be helped and increased.

Look for the wagons carrying our diamond shaped monogram with numbers and districts plainly marked upon outside edge.

We employ only intelligent, courteous and responsible drivers.

Phones
129 and 24

**VICTORIA TRANSFER CO.
LIMITED
VICTORIA, B.C.**

Phones
129 and 24



Headquarters
For Choice
Nursery
Stock

Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Roses,
Hollies, etc., etc. Largest and best
assorted stock in Province. All
grown without irrigation, well ac-
climated, and guaranteed to grow.
Visit Nursery or write for free catalogue
and price list.

BUILDING FIGURES NOW OVER MILLION MARK

More Permits Issued to Pros-
pective Builders—Gift to
Jubilee Hospital

So far this month permits for build-
ings aggregating in value \$66,820 have
been issued by the building inspector.
This brings the total value for which
permits have been issued from the 1st
of the year to date to \$979,825, but in
this total is not included the building
under way by the Dominion govern-
ment, the new immigration shed at the
outer wharf, which is to cost \$60,000,
and the additions at the postoffice, to
cost \$20,000. The Dominion govern-
ment is not required to take out a per-
mit from the city. If this \$80,000 of
new buildings is added, the year's total
is well over the million mark. Work has
also commenced on the new building
to be erected for the B. Wilson
company on Chatham street, to
cost \$25,000, the permit for which has
not yet been issued and other buildings
are contemplated which will swell the
year's total.

After several days of comparative
quiet in the building inspector's office
a rush for permits took place yester-
day, those issued being as follows: Messrs.
Bell & Rolland, dwelling on Queen's avenue, to cost \$1800; Moore
& Whittington, dwelling on Davie
street, to cost \$1600; Mrs. J. Gilchrist,
dwelling on Work street, to cost \$1600;
J. W. and W. D. Hescott, dwelling on
Market street, to cost \$1800, and Walter
McNair, dwelling on Summit street
to cost \$250.

A permit was also issued to the
Royal Jubilee hospital for a chapel to
be erected on the hospital grounds off
Mt. Tolmie road. The building will be
of brick and stone, one story in height
with basement, the body of the chapel
being 23x43 feet and the chancel 18x16
feet. The interior furnishings will be
in keeping with the character of the
building, the whole to make a hand-
some addition to the hospital buildings.
The chapel, which will cost \$3500 to
erect, is the gift of Mrs. Pemberton,
who has always taken a keen interest
in the welfare of the Royal Jubilee
hospital, and this latest instance of her
beneficence will supply a long felt
want at that institution. J. C. M.
Keith is the architect for the building.

AMUSEMENTS

"Little Johnny Jones."

So famous has already become
"Little Johnny Jones," George M. Cohan's
music melodrama, that it goes
without saying that the interests of the
local theatre-going public is at a high
pitch of expectancy over the approaching
engagement of this notable attraction
at the Victoria theatre on Monday, November 30.

No production of a musical kind was
made last season that created such a flood
of favorable criticisms. Everybody spoke of "Little Johnny Jones" as
the most original, the most thoroughly
American and the most clever
entertainment of the kind that has
been witnessed for many years. The
same beautiful and stupendous production
that made "Little Johnny Jones" one of the notable attractions of
last season will be seen in this city. The
scenery is spoken of as realistic and
beautiful and includes three full
stage sets of enormous size and magni-
tude. The cast includes many well known names, while the ensemble
is considered the best in America. The
company numbers seventy-five people
and is one of the largest and most
expensive on tour this season. For this
production Mr. Cohan has composed
over twenty musical numbers, and in
the hands of one of the strongest singing
organizations in America it is said
to be one of the most delightful features of "Little Johnny Jones."

Mary, aged five years, and Stella, who
was about the same age, were
walking about their future dreams.

"When I grow up," said Mary, "I'm going to be a school teacher."

"Well, I'm going to be a mother
with four children," said Stella.

VICTORIA BRANCH:

T. D. VEITCH, Manager.

Cor. Fort and Gov't Sts.

Mary, aged five years, and Stella, who
was about the same age, were
walking about their future dreams.
"Well, when they come to my school,
I'm going to whip them, whip them,
whip them!"

"You mean thing!" said Stella, as
the tears came into her eyes. "What
have my poor children ever done to
you?"—Delineator.

NEW GOODS AT THE Semi-ready Wardrobe

RAINFOATS.....\$10 to \$25
SUITS.....\$12 to \$35
OVERCOATS....\$12 to \$30
DRESS SUITS...\$25 to \$40
TROUSERS.....\$3 to \$9
COVERT COATS.\$10 to \$25
TUXEDO JACKETS

.....\$12 to \$18
5,000 Garments to Select From

All cut on the Physique Type
System. A printed guarantee
with every garment. New styles
in Worsted, Tweeds, Serge and
Cheviots.

See the New English "Slipon"
Raincoats, \$15 to \$20.

There will be no hesitancy in your decision to advance with the
times if you bring your Custom Tailored Suit and place it along-
side of a Semi-ready Suit for a face-to-face comparison. Compare
the Workmanship, the Style, the Fitting and the Quality.

We are showing Suits at \$15 which are
as well-tailored as our higher-priced
Suits at \$18, \$20, \$22 and \$25.

The Lion and the Mouse
A notable feature of Charles Klein's
"The Lion and the Mouse," which
Henry B. Harris brings to the Victoria
theatre on Tuesday, Dec. 1, is the
wholesomeness and distinct drawing of
the various characters in the story.

There can not be found in the play
a villain, a frivolyous matron, a way-
ward girl, nor an adventress. Novem-
ber 15, 1908, it is indeed a rare occurrence to
visit the theatre without having to
hear the doings or misdeeds of one
or more of such characters on the
stage. Mr. Klein has displayed a
wonderful knowledge of what is most
desired by the public of today over
the footlights, and his treatment of
the people in this pleasing play shows
a delightful sympathy on the part of
the dramatist. The cleanliness of
"The Lion and the Mouse" has been a
huge factor in the remarkable suc-
cess enjoyed by this interesting and
well-told story of certain phases of
the money world of this country to
date.

The seat opens at 10 a.m. Sat-
urday, Nov. 28, and as many demands
have already been made, it is expect-
ed to open with an unusual firmness.

Nordica

King Edward VII is a great admirer
of Mme. Nordica, who is to appear
here Wednesday, Dec. 2, at the Vic-
toria theatre. At his direction a seat in
Westminster Abbey was sent her
for the coronation. This act of thought-
fulness on the part of the King is but
one of the many he has shown her, in
the course of years. It had been some
time since he had seen her, on account
of her absence in America, when
he met her again at Marienbad. Rec-
ognizing her at once he stopped in
the street with his escort, shook her
heartily by the hand and said, "Why
have you forsaken London for so long?
Why don't you come back and make
your home with us?"

Queen Victoria showed the same
strong friendship for the American
singer, and summoned her often to
Osborne in the Isle of Wight, or to
WindSOR, to sing to her. The friend-
ship extended as well to other members
of the family, and the Duke of
Edinburgh later the Duke of Saxe-Co-
burg-Gotha, was one of the strongest
admirers of her art. After she had
sung Elsa in "Lohengrin" for the first
time at Bayreuth, he had the man-
ager of his court theatre engage Mme.
Nordica for special appearance. The
night she sang he had the ceiling and
walls of her dressing room covered
with roses and a court equipage was
placed at her disposal. During the
next season that Mme. Nordica sung in
London, several members of the royal
family never failed to be present
whether the night was a Verdi or a
Wagner one. During her last visit to
Bayreuth, the Duke of Connaught, the
King's brother, and his wife, accepted
Mme. Nordica's invitation to luncheon
at the Hotel Sonne and the meal was
as democratic as any American could
wish. The entire royal family of Eng-
land seemed so to appreciate and relish
what they care to regard as the Ameri-
can.

WONDERFUL! WONDERFUL!

Talk of the Town.
Talk of the Town.
The great, only and original
Madame Ayesha,
Madame Ayesha,
Madame Ayesha,
Egypt's most celebrated
Crystal Gazer,
Crystal Gazer.

Madame Ayesha has arrived in town
and will be in attendance at the Bazaar
of the Anti-Tuberculosis Society; look
for the Egyptian Temple and do not
miss your chance of gazing into the
mysteries of nature and occult
science. Wonder well over this an-
nouncement, it has more meaning than
the popular world wots of the numerous
tests performed by this strange
woman during the past months prove
the magnitude of her strange and won-
derful powers.

Crowds consult her. The greatest
legal adviser "She stands alone, having
lived a life of unbroken 198 couples; brought
about 187 marriages, gained loss of
certain ones, 375, located 5 buried
treasures; located 49 absent persons;
overcame 816 rivals and located the
source of Victoria city's water supply.

On Tadel moving closer to see to
whom he was speaking the man ran
into the store to warn his accomplice
Tadel then whistled to Ruttle, and on
hearing this both men made a rush
through the front door, one of them
firing two shots at Tadel, which passed
close to his head but did not hit him.
Tadel who had brought a rifle in

case of emergency then fired in self-
defence. One of the men ran about
thirty yards and fell in a heap. His
companion rushed up to his fallen
comrade, secured his revolver and dis-
appeared. Who picked up the injured
man was breathing, but expired on the
way to the town hall.

Enquiry reveals the fact that the
first seen of the men was on Saturday
night, when about 11 o'clock they en-
tered the Queen's hotel and applied
for rooms. Deceased registered as W.

F. Ames and his companion as W. F.
Salter. They gave up their room on
Sunday morning, announcing their in-
tention of leaving town, but on Sunday
evening again registered at the Queen's

Another Applicant

Ottawa, Nov. 24.—Duncan Ross, ex-

M.P. for Yale-Cariboo, is in the city,

and is stated to be looking for the

vacancy on the railway commission

rendered vacant by the death of Hon.

Thos. Greenway.

MEN!

The greatest asset you have is
your strength. You can't afford
to give out. It is a vital necessity
that you have your nervous and
muscular system in perfect order
to withstand the constant wear
and tear of your daily work.

The finest tissue builder and strength
creator is Vinol, a Cod Liver prepa-
ration that has the greasy, nauseat-
ing oil eliminated—only the valuable
medicinal properties being combined
with peptonate of iron. Its use will
keep you in health and strength.

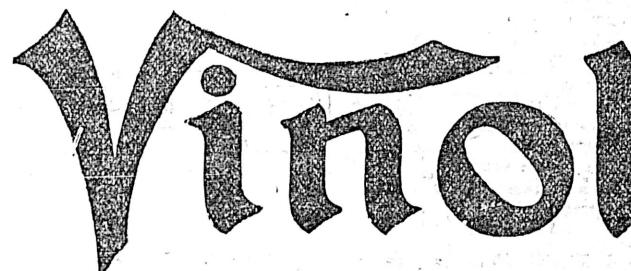
DEBILITY

results from a weakened con-
dition due to imperfect diges-
tion, lack of nutrition or over-
work. Vinol strengthens the
digestive organs, creates a
healthy appetite and makes
new blood. You lose that fa-
tigue, weakness and run down
feeling when you take Vinol.

NERVOUSNESS

is a complaint that can be read-
ily overcome by using Vinol.
It repairs broken down nerve
tissue and builds strong, healthy
nerves that enable you to with-
stand the worries and annoy-
ances unavoidable in business.

VINOL QUICKLY CURES A COLD AND STOPS A COUGH



YOUR MONEY BACK IF VINOL FAILS TO HELP YOU
D. E. CAMPBELL, Druggist, VICTORIA

And at the Leading Drug Store in every Town and City in this Province.

Rosthern, Sask., Nov. 23.—An attempted burglary of E. E. Ruttle's general store had a fatal termination in the early hours of this morning. It appears that Mr. Ruttle, who has a burglar alarm in his residence, connected with the store about a quarter of a mile away, was awakened about two o'clock by the ringing of the alarm bell.

Calling one of his clerks, named

Emil Tadel, they quickly dressed and hurried to the store. Ruttle went to

guard the rear of the premises, whilst

Tadel went to the front. Tadel found

a man standing in front of the store

and on asking him what he was doing

received the reply "nothing."

On Tadel moving closer to see to

whom he was speaking the man ran

into the store to warn his accomplice

Tadel then whistled to Ruttle, and on

hearing this both men made a rush

through the front door, one of them

firing two shots at Tadel, which passed

close to his head but did not hit him.

Tadel who had brought a rifle in

case of emergency then fired in self-

defence. One of the men ran about

thirty yards and fell in a heap. His

companion rushed up to his fallen

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Thos. Greenway.

NEW XMAS GOODS AT THE

Semi-ready Wardrobe

PIM'S IRISH POPLIN NECK- WEAR

English Knitted Ties in Strings,
Derbies, Four-in-hands, etc.

PRESIDENT SUSPENDERS, SILK HANDKERCHIEFS,

Dent's Gloves, Fine Underwear,
Suit Cases, Bags and Valises, 300
Patterns in English Knitted Vests

STETSON, CHRISTY, AND HAWES VON GAL HATS

Penman's, Stanfield's, Dr. Jaeger
and Linen Mesh Underwear.<

1c A Word
EACH ISSUE

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING RATES.
One cent a word each insertion; 10 per cent discount for six or more consecutive insertions—cash with order. No advertisement accepted for less than 25 cents.

Business of Professional cards—four lines or under, \$1.00 per week; \$1.50 for two weeks. Special rates for monthly and yearly contracts.

No advertisement charged to account for less than \$1.00.

Phone No. 11.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ALES AND STOUT

FAIRALL BROS.—Bottled Ale, Stout, & "Bromo Hygeia." Esq't Rd. Tel. 444.

AUTOMOBILES.

CLARK'S GARAGE, 812 Yates St. Storage cars for livery. Repairs. Sold agent for B. C. Ford Motor Car. 631

BAGGAGE DELIVERED.

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., Ltd. Tel. 129

BARREL MANUFACTURING

SWEENEY'S COOPERAGE, 850 Johnson street. Phone B306.

BOOKBINDING

THE COLONIST has the best equipped bookbindery in the province; the result is equal in proportion.

BOTTLES.

ALL KINDS of bottles wanted. Good prices paid. Victoria Junkt. Agency, 1620 Store street. Phone 1336.

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS

PACIFIC BUILDING & CONTRACTING CO., Ltd., office Room 28, Five Sisters' Block. Personal supervision given to all work. 422

CLEANING AND TAILORING WORKS.

LADIES' AND GENTS' clothes cleaned, dyed, repaired and pressed; umbrellas also repaired and re-covered. Guy W. Walker, 718 Johnson St., just east of Douglas. Phone A-1267. 413

CHIMNEY SWEEPING.

LLOYD & CO., practical chimney sweepers and house-cleaners, 114 Pandora St.; grates cleaned, flues altered, vacant houses cleaned, ready for occupation. Phone 1577. 414

DEAYMON.

JOSEPH HEANEY—Office: 62 Wharf street. Tel. 171.

VICTORIA TRUCK AND DRAY CO.—Telephone 13.

DYE WORKS

VICTORIA STEAM DYE WORKS—116 Yates street. Tel. 717. All descriptions of ladies' and gentlemen's garments cleaned or dyed and pressed equal to new. Phone 624. 415

B.C. STEAM DYE WORKS—The largest dyeing and cleaning works in the Province. Country orders solicited. Tel. 200. J. C. Renfrew, Proprietor. 416

ENGRAVING, STENCIL CUTTING

GENERAL ENGRAVER and Stencil Cutter, Geo. Crowther, 816 Wharf street, behind postoffice. 417

FUERIERS.

MRS. E. R. ROBERTS—Manufacturing and repairing furs. Room 50, Five Sisters' Block. Phone 1766. 418

HARDWARE

E. G. PRIOR & CO.—Hardware and agricultural implements. Corner of Johnson and Government streets. 419

THE HICKMAN TYRE HARDWARE CO., Ltd.—Iron, Steel, Hardware, Cutlery, 80 and 84 Yates street, Victoria B.C.

JEWELRY

BRASS, Copper, Bottles, Sacks and Junk wanted. Victoria Junkt. Agency, 1620 Store street. Phone 1336.

LITHOGRAPHING

LITHOGRAPHING, ENGRAVING AND EMBOSSED—Nothing too large and nothing too small; your stationery is your advance agent; our work is unequalled west of Toronto. The Colonial Printing and Publishing Co., Ltd.

LIVERY AND TRANSFER

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., Ltd. Tel. 129

LOGDES AND SOCIETIES

A.O.F., Court Northern Light, No. 5935. Meets at K. of F. Hall, 2nd and 4th Wednesdays. W. F. Fullerton, Secretary.

K. of P., No. 1, Far West Lodge, Friday, K. of P. Hall, cor. Douglas and Pandora streets. H. Weber, K. of P. and S. Box 544.

SCONS OF ENGLAND, Pride of Island Lodge, A.O.U.W., Hall, 1st and 3rd Tuesday, Y. of P. Hall, W. H. Clayards, Pres., J. Critchley, sec.

NOVELTY WORKS

L. HAFFER—General Machinist, No. 150 Government Street.

PAPERHANGING

JAMES SCOTT ROSS—Paperhanging expert. 116 Pandora Avenue. Painting, wallpapering, signs. Send postal. Phone A158. 419

POTTERY WARE, ETC.

SEWER PIPE, Field Tile, Ground Flue Clay, Flower Pots, etc. B.C. Pottery Co., Ltd., cor Broad and Pandora Sts., Victoria, B.C.

GRAVEL

B.C. SAND & GRAVEL CO.—Foot Johnson street. Tel. 1388. Producers of washed and graded sand and gravel. Best for concrete work of all kinds. Delivered by team in the city or on scows at pit, on Royal Bay. 411

SEAL ENGRAVING

GENERAL ENGRAVER and Stencil cutter, George Crowther, 816 Wharf street, behind Post Office. 412

SCAVENGING.

E. LINES—Yards, etc., cleaned. Residences. 738 Humboldt St. Phone B1799. 413

VICTORIA SCAVENGING CO.—Office: 710 Yates street. Phone 662. Ashes and Rubbish removed. 411

WING ON & SON—All kinds of scavenging work, yard cleaning etc. Office 1700 Government street. Phone 23. 414

SHORTHAND

SHORTHAND SCHOOL—1109 Broad St., Victoria. Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy thoroughly taught. Graduates fill good positions. E. A. Macmillan, Principal. 415

BUSINESS DIRECTORY—(Continued.)

STENCIL AND SEAL ENGRAVING

GENERAL ENGRAVER and Stencil Cutter, Geo. Crowther, 12 Wharf street, opposite Post Office.

TIMBER

BEFORE BUYING OR SELLING timber in B.C. call and see my list, comprising more than 100 of the best properties, aggregating a total cut of twenty-five billion (25,000,000,000) feet. A. T. Frampton, Mahon Bldg., Victoria. Phone 1658.

STORAGE AND WAREHOUSING

STORAGE AND WAREHOUSING—15,000 foot of floor space. Apply W. V. Duncan, 538 Yates, P. O. Box 179, City.

R. S. BYRN

1802 Wharf St., foot of Yates. Phone 394. P.O. Box 498.

WING ON & SON

All kinds of scavenging work, yard cleaning, etc. Office 1700 Government St. Phone 23.

SODA WATER MANUFACTURERS

FAIRALL BROS., Agents "Bromo Hygeia," Esq't Rd. Tel. 444.

BAGGAGE DELIVERED.

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., Ltd. Tel. 129

BARREL MANUFACTURING

SWEENEY'S COOPERAGE, 850 Johnson street. Phone B306.

TEAS AND COFFEES

PIONEER COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS Ltd., Pembroke street, Victoria. Telephone 537.

UNDERTAKERS

FAIRALL BROS., Agents "Bromo Hygeia," Esq't Rd. Tel. 444.

TAXIDERMIST AND FURRIER

FRED FOSTER, 42½ Johnson street. Tel. A182. Furs bought.

TEAS AND COFFEES

PIONEER COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS Ltd., Pembroke street, Victoria. Telephone 537.

DENTISTS

DR. LEWIS HALIFAX SURGEON, Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B.C. Telephone 1627.

DETECTIVES

B. C. DETECTIVE SERVICE, Vancouver. Civil, criminal and commercial investigations. R. S. Baron, Supt. Head office rooms 6 and 7, Molson's Bank Building, Vancouver, B.C. Phone B302.

MASSAGE

MEDICAL MASSAGE, Turkish baths—Bathurst, Swedish masseur. Vernon Block, Douglas street, hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. 413

WATCHMAKER

A. PETCH, 30 Douglas street. Specialty of English watch repairing.

PATENTS AND LEGAL

ROWLAND BRITAIN, Registered Attorney. Patents in all countries. Fairfield Building, opposite P.O., Vancouver.

PIANO AND ORGAN TUNING

JESSE A. LONGFORD—From Hopkins' sons, England) tunes and repairs pianos, harmoniums, American organs, pipe organs, etc., on reasonable terms. Prompt attention given to all orders. 2527 Government St., Victoria, B.C. Phone 1849. P. O. Drawer 575. 415

DRAYMAN

VICTORIA STEAM DYE WORKS—116 Yates street. Tel. 717. All descriptions of ladies' and gentlemen's garments cleaned or dyed and pressed equal to new. Phone 624. 416

HOTEL DIRECTORY

CALIFORNIA HOTEL—43 Johnson St., newly fitted up from bottom to top, good accommodation, sporting gallery, comprising size photos of all the present day. Bar always supplied with best goods. Thus L. McManus, proprietor.

NEW WESTMINSTER

HOTEL COLONIAL—Opposite Court house. Best hotel in town. Rates from \$1.00 up. John M. Insley, proprietor.

VANCOUVER

HOTEL DOMINION—When you arrive at Vancouver take a large hotel, which suits you. This hotel for our service is the best obtainable at the price. American plan, \$1.69 to \$2.00 per day. Auto makes one trip daily around Stanley Park. F. Baynes, proprietor.

TRUE BRITISH MODESTY

Fair American (to officer wearing V.C.): "Say, how did you get that el'gant little cross?"

EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS

STEAM USERS—Requiring stationary engineers can be supplied promptly with suitable men by applying to the secretary B. C. A. S. E., 210 Cross street. Phone B206. 410

WANTED—FEMALE HELP

WANTED—Active woman to represent Robinson Corset & Costume Co., Miss Harris, 1051 Yates. 415

WANTED—MALE HELP

MEN WANTED—Reliable men in every locality throughout Canada to advertise our goods, tack up showcards on trees, fences, bridges, and all conspicuous places, also distribute small advertising matter. Commission, or salary \$30 per month and expenses \$4 per day. Steady employment to good reliable men. No experience necessary. Write for particulars. Empire Medallion Co., London, Ont.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE

WANTED—Good second-hand cook stove, burn wood & coal, water-front. Must be cheap. Address 933 Colonist. 412

WANTED—TO PURCHASE

WANTED—Private collector wants United States twenty dollar gold coin, 1907 issue; general premium for good specimen. Apply Box 266, post-office. 413

SMALL FARM WANTED

3 to 10 acres, improved, fruit and buildings, close to town. If you cannot send complete information, including price, terms, etc., don't write. Box 738 Colonist. 414

WANTED—TO PURCHASE

To purchase lots near school or trainway, not over \$400. Deal with owners only. 2632 Blanchard. 415

WANTED—FROM 3 to 5 acres

improved land with buildings, near city. Box 692. 416

WANTED—100 or 200 acres good farm land, uncleared, near salt water. State lowest terms. P.O. Box 692. 417

WANTED—To purchase old mahogany furniture, clocks, grandfather clocks, picture frames, etc. A. A. Aaronson, 35 Johnson street. 418

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

SITUATION WANTED—By first-class

There is a Number

Of opportunities filing past, you every day in the Classified Columns of the Colonist. One cent a word each issue. Special rates for continuous insertions.

MUNICIPALITY OF THE DISTRICT OF OAK BAY

VOTERS LIST

NOTICE TO HOUSEHOLDERS

TAKE NOTICE that all persons, not the owners of lands or improvements, who:

1. Are British subjects of the full age of twenty-one years.

2. Have resided within the municipality since the first day of January last.

3. Have paid all rates, taxes or assessments, which are not chargeable on land, and which amount to not less than two dollars for the current year, other than water rates or taxes or license fees for dogs, and who desire to have their names placed on the voters' list, will make out and cause to be delivered to the Clerk of the Municipality a statutory declaration on or before the first day of December next.

J. S. FLOYD, Clerk.

Victoria, B. C., 5th November, 1908.

Tenders for the purchase of the fractional N. W. 1/4 of Section 26 and S. E. 1/4 of S. W. 1/4 of Section 35, Township 18 in Capital District in the province of British Columbia containing 116 acres, will be received by the undersigned, Solicitors for Phillip Christian Nordstrom up to Monday the 30th day of November 1908.

Dated this 21st day of November 1908.

MORESBY & O'REILLY.



NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the reserve placed upon certain lands in the vicinity of Kootenay River, District of Kootenay, noted in the British Columbia Gazetteer of the 14th August, 1881, and bearing date of 13th of August, 1884, is cancelled, for the purpose of disposing of such lands by public auction, and to permit of giving effect to the recommendations contained in the report of Mr. W. F. Teetzel, a commissioner appointed to inquire upon the claims of certain squatters upon the said lands, but for no other purpose.

ROBERT A. RENWICK,

Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works, Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., 6th October, 1908.

Drunkenness Can Be Cured.

THE EVANS GOLD CURE INSTITUTE

For the treatment of alcoholic excess and the drug habit, established 14 years.

Rev. Dr. Duval, Moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, writes:

Gentlemen—To those afflicted with habitual intoxication I most heartily recommend the Evans Gold Cure Institute. We should welcome it as a public as well as a private blessing. A treatment that destroys in man the thirst for his own degradation, bears to him measureless grace, and to those depending upon him and associated with him incalculable good. Very faithfully,

FR. FREDERICK C. DUVAL, Pastor Knox Church, Winnipeg, Moderator, General Assembly, Presbyterian Church of Canada.

Prospectus, testimonials, etc. mailed privately on application. Free consultation at any time.

The Evans Institute of Vancouver has now removed to more commodious quarters at

950 PARK DRIVE

Phone B4020. Grandview Carline.

The Victoria Transfer Co. Limited

Vashon College and Academy

A Home School

Burton, Vashon Island, Washington

Between Tacoma and Seattle

Offers every school advantage in an ideal location to

little boys.

951 Johnson Street,

PRINCIPAL, MRS. SUTTIE.

At Home Friday

For Illustrated catalogue, address

W. G. PARKS, M. S. President.

clip horses by electric machinery.

Now is the time to have it done. It will save labor,

and feed besides aid in keeping your horse in good health.

Phone 129

For further particulars

STABLE : BROUGHTON ST. CITY

Joseph Zanene

Grinder of Scissors

Razors and all kinds of Cutlery, etc.

Razors Ground, Honed and Set

Address 1412 Store Street, Victoria

Monkey Brand Soap removes all staining, rust, dirt or tarish--but won't wash clothes.

Jacob Livingston, sen., a wealthy wholesale tobacconist, and his wife, will present to Carlisle, Pa., a bronze public drinking fountain.

REMEMBER BUT A FEW DAYS MORE.

Total sales, 1,025,800 shares.

Money, 1% per cent.

Jacob Livingston, sen., a wealthy

wholesale tobacconist, and his wife,

will present to Carlisle, Pa., a bronze

public drinking fountain.

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Jacob Livingston

BIG FOUR DAYS' SALE STARTS TODAY—EXTRA GOOD VALUES

Drapery Department Oddments on Sale Today

This sale offers some excellent opportunities to save money on necessities. These articles will help you brighten up some spot in the house, and at very small cost. You can hardly peruse this list without finding something that would be useful to you.

Single Pair of Curtains Reduced

75 pairs of Nottingham Lace and Swiss Curtains. Some of these curtains have been used in our showrooms as samples and through handling have got slightly soiled, therefore the extra low prices they are now marked. There is just one pair of each pattern.

Regular price, pair, \$5.50 to \$10.50. Today, pair \$2.50
Regular price, pair, \$3.50 to \$5.00. Today, pair \$2.00
Regular price, pair, \$1.75 to \$3.00. Today, pair \$1.00
Regular price, pair, 75¢ to \$2.00. Today, pair 50¢

Odd Curtains at Small Cost

An odd lot of Sample Curtains in Nottingham Lace and Swiss to be cleared at a fraction of their value. These are single curtains only.

Regular value, each, \$1.00 to \$1.75. Today, each 50¢
Regular value, each \$2.00 to \$3.75. Today, each \$1.00

Clearing a Lot of "Our-Own-Make" Couches

In order to make room in our Furniture Department, we offer a large quantity of couches of our own make on sale for the balance of the week, starting today. Our line is too well known to need any extended comment regarding their good qualities, and the reductions are so generous that it makes purchasing now well worth while.

Values to \$23.50 for \$14.75

SPRING EDGE COUCH in green tapestry, Golden oak frame, reg. value \$20.00. Sale \$14.75
GOLDEN OAK COUCH with spring edge in green tapestry. Reg. value \$20.00. Sale \$14.75
DAVENPORT SOFA in floral tapestry, spring seat, reg. value \$20.00. Sale \$14.75
DAVENPORT SOFA in tapestry, spring seat, reg. value \$18.50. Sale \$14.75
GOLDEN OAK COUCH in tapestry, spring seat, reg. value \$18.50. Sale \$14.75
GOLDEN OAK COUCH, in Oriental tapestry, spring edge, reg. value \$23.50. Sale \$14.75
GOLDEN OAK COUCH in tapestry, with spring edge, regular value \$22.50. Sale \$14.75
SOFA BED LOUNGE in Oriental tapestry, reg. value \$22.50. Sale \$14.75
GOLDEN OAK COUCH in Oriental tapestry, regular value \$22.50. Sale \$14.75

GOLDEN OAK COUCH in green armure, reg. value \$21.50. Sale \$14.75

GOLDEN OAK COUCH, in floral tapestry with blue ground, reg. value \$21.50. Sale \$14.75

GOLDEN OAK COUCH in armure, spring edge, reg. value \$21.50. Sale \$14.75

Values up to \$32.50 for \$19.50

GOLDEN OAK FRAMED COUCH, upholstered in floral tapestry with spring edge, reg. value \$32.50. Sale \$19.50

PLAIN TOP COUCH in pantasote, reg. value \$32.50. Sale \$19.50

SCROLL HEAD "BOX" COUCH in taftah. Reg. value \$32.00. Sale \$19.50

SQUARE HEAD "BOX" COUCH, in taftah. Reg. value \$31.50. Sale \$19.50

SQUARE HEAD "BOX" COUCH, in taftah. Reg. value \$30.00. Sale \$19.50

GOLDEN OAK COUCH in green pantasote, spring edge, reg. value \$28.00. Sale \$19.50

Values up to \$45.00 for \$32.50

QUARTERED OAK COUCH in English tapestry, reg. value \$45.00. Sale \$32.50

QUARTERED OAK COUCH in German tapestry, reg. value \$45.00. Sale \$32.50

QUARTERED OAK COUCH in French tapestry, reg. value \$42.50. Sale \$32.50

GOLDEN OAK COUCH in tapestry, with spring edge, reg. value \$24.50. Sale \$19.50

Values up to \$72.50 for \$39.75

MAHOGANY COUCH upholstered in No. 1 green leather, spring edge and scroll, reg. value \$67.50. Special \$39.75

QUARTERED OAK COUCH, in best Spanish leather, reg. value \$60.00. Sale \$39.75

MAHOGANY COUCH upholstered in No. 1 green leather, spring edge and scroll, reg. value \$67.50. Special \$39.75

QUARTERED OAK COUCH in German tapestry, reg. value \$45.00. Sale \$32.50

QUARTERED OAK COUCH in French tapestry, reg. value \$42.50. Sale \$32.50

Values up to \$45.00 for \$32.50

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